

Gulf GSRC Co., Ltd.

Executive Summary on EIA Addendum Report to Environmental Impact Assessment Report of SRIRACHA Power Plant Project (No.3)



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Executive Summary on EIA Addendum Report to Environmental Impact Assessment Report of Sriracha Power Plant Project (No.3), GULF SRC Co., Ltd.

1. PRINCIPLES AND RATIONALE FOR PREPARING THE REPORT

Gulf SRC Company Limited submitted the Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) report for the Sriracha Power Plant Project to the Office of Natural Resources and Environmental Policy and Planning (ONEP) and received approval as issued in document number Thor Sor 1009.7/14650 dated December 2, 2015. Subsequently, the company submitted two amendments to the project details in the EIA report for the Sriracha Power Plant Project. Both amendments received approval from the Office of Natural Resources and Environmental Policy and Planning and the Energy Regulatory Commission, as follows:

The first amendment involved modifications to the project details, including adjustments to the project layout, changes to water usage processes, revisions to the capacity of the diesel storage tank, and changes to the length and size of both the natural gas pipeline and the diesel pipeline within the power plant. Additionally, relevant measures for environmental impact prevention and mitigation, as well as measures for environmental impact monitoring, were also revised. This first amendment received official approval as issued in document number Thor Sor 1010.7/11352 dated August 30, 2018.

The second amendment involved further modifications to the project details, including the installation of a backup auxiliary boiler, the addition of a building and raw water pond, adjustments to the project layout, the installation of additional fire safety equipment and detection systems, the expansion of water pipelines within the project area, and a review of the stormwater drainage system. Relevant measures for environmental impact prevention and mitigation, as well as environmental impact monitoring measures, were also revised. This second amendment received official approval as issued in document number Sor Gor Por 5502/10648 dated October 6, 2022.

Gulf SRC Company Limited is currently required to modify Sriracha Power Plant project's specifics once again and assigned TLT Consultants Company Limited, which is a juristic person registered with the Office of Natural Resources and Environmental Policy and Planning to study and prepare the Third Amendment report due to changes of the project's

specifications in the Gulf SRC Company Limited's Sriracha Power Plant Environmental Impact Assessment Report to ensure Gulf SRC Company Limited's operations comply with the prevention and correction measure for environmental impact (The General measure No.6) in the approved Environmental Impact Assessment report which outlines that "If Gulf SRC Company Limited intends to amend the project specifics and/or measures to prevent and correct environmental problems or measures to monitor environmental impacts they shall inform those in responsible for granting their approval or authorization for the following actions:

- If the approval authority or grantor determines that such changes have an environmental benefit greater than or equal to the measures outlined in the already approved environmental impact assessment report, the approval authority or grantor must continue to notify in accordance with the guidelines and requirements outlined in that law, along with a copy of the aforementioned changes that have been notified to the Office of Natural Resources and Environmental Policy and Planning.
- If the approval authority or grantor deems that such changes may materially affect the already approved EIA report, the approval agency or grantor shall submit a report on such changes to the Office of Natural Resources and Environmental Policy and Planning for further submission to the Expert Committee on Environmental Impact Assessment for consideration and approval before making any adjustments."

2. SUMMARY OF THE CHANGES OF THE PROJECT DETAILS

The following are the explanations and justifications for the third change to the project's specific details:

2.1 Modification of the project layout as below

- The addition of a Third Warehouse Building, covering 5,940 square meters, resulting in an increase of 5,940 square meters in land usage for building-up areas (as shown in Figures 2-1 and 2-2).

After the changes in the project details, the area reserved for future development is reduced by 5,940 square meters. However, the total green area within the project area remains the same at 35,300 square meters. The proportions of the project area that is being utilized is shown in **Table 2-1**.

Additionally, the Third Warehouse Building requested for construction has a setback distance in compliance with the Industrial Estate Authority of Thailand's Notification No. 103/2556 on Land Development for Operators in Industrial Estates. Details are shown in **Table 2-2**.

- 2.2 The addition of fire extinguishers and detection systems around the Third Warehouse Building to cover the expanded building-up area and in compliance with the applicable standards.
- 2.3 Review of the stormwater drainage system to support the rainfall around the Third Warehouse Building.
- 2.4 Changes to environmental impact monitoring and environmental impact mitigation measures

Due to the changes in the project's details, which may affect the previously approved EIA results, as well as the environmental impact prevention and mitigation measures presented in the approved EIA report, it is necessary to review potential changes in the impacts, including any relevant measures and/or project layout that may have been altered.

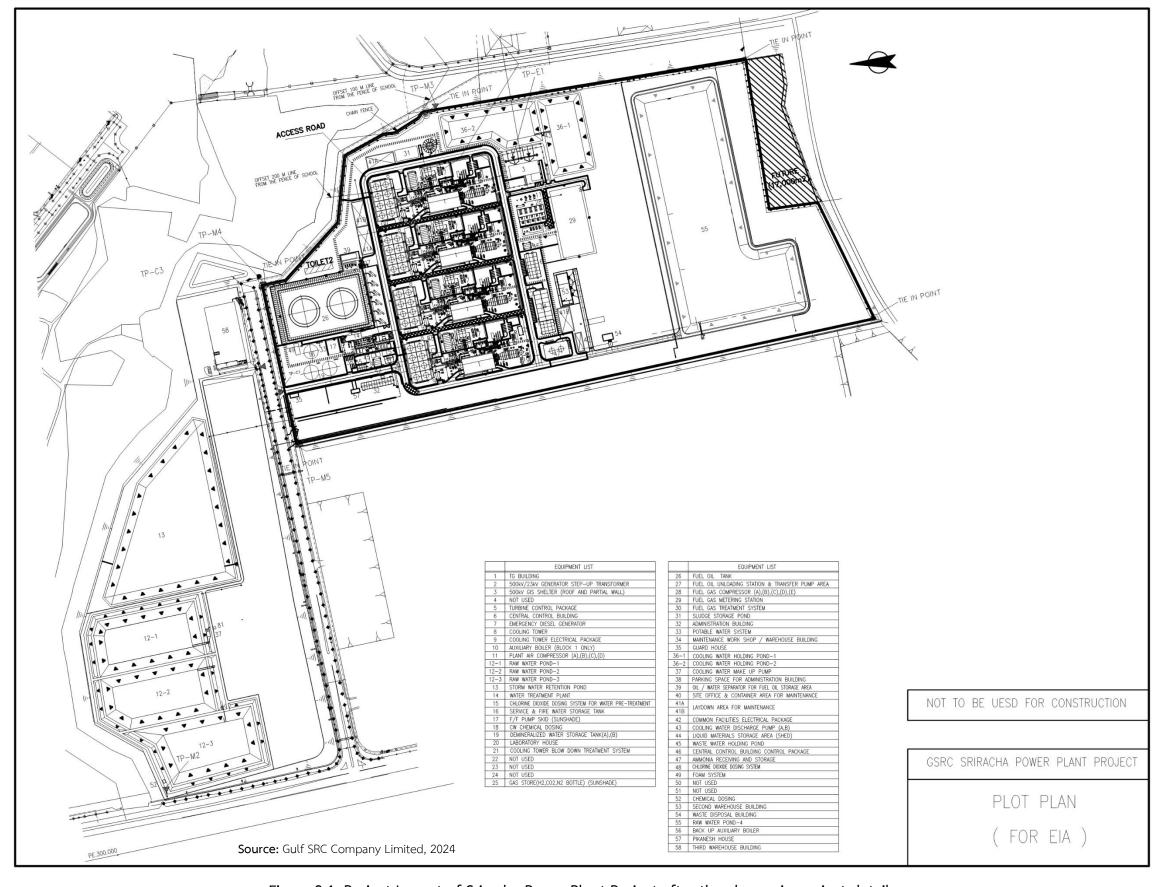
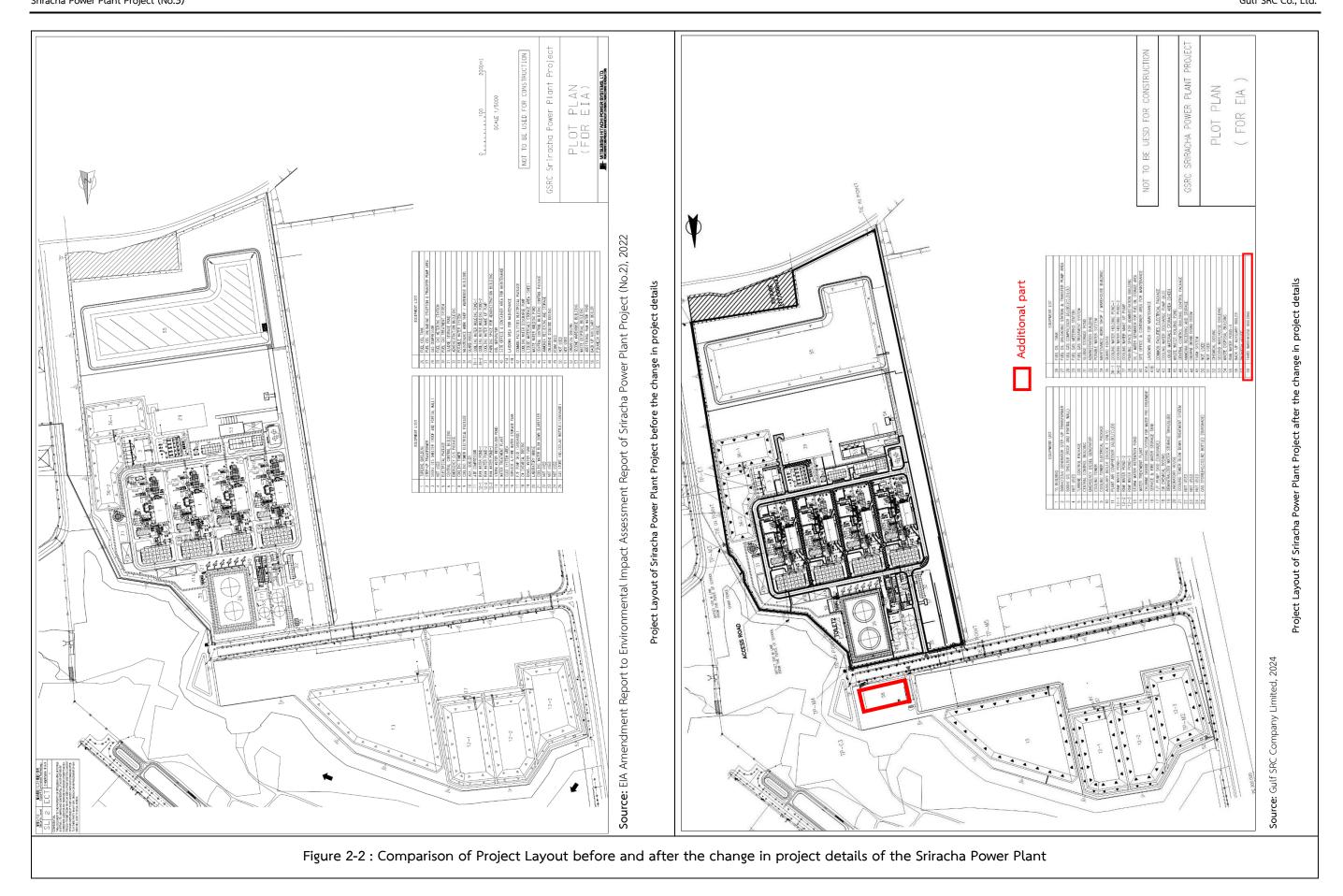


Figure 2-1: Project Layout of Sriracha Power Plant Project after the change in project details



RNP/ENV/P06347/Executive Summary Rev.02

Table 2-1

Details of the utilization of the area before and after the change in project details

of the Sriracha Power Plant Project

Components within the project area		Before the change		After the change		
		Approximate area (sq.m.)	Proportion Percentage of total area	Approximate area (sq.m.)	Proportion Percentage of total area	
(1)	Power Block Area					
	– Power Block	67,600	9.58	67,600	9.58	
	– Transformer Area	1,560	0.22	1,560	0.22	
	Total (1)	69,160	9.80	69,160	9.80	
(2)	Balance of Plant Area					
	– Gas Metering Station	6,100	0.86	6,100	0.86	
	Gas Compressor	1,600	0.23	1,600	0.23	
	– Diesel Storage Tank Area	14,014	1.99	14,014	1.99	
	– Water Treatment and Wastewater Treatment Area	20,000	2.83	20,000	2.83	
	- Cooling Water Area	24,200	3.43	24,200	3.43	
	Total (2)	65,914	9.34	65,914	9.34	
(3)	Pond Area					
	– Raw Water Pond	54,029	7.66	54,029	7.66	
	– Addition Raw Water Pond	78,171	11.08	78,171	11.08	
	 Cooling Water Holding Pond 	20,612	2.92	20,612	2.92	
	– Wastewater Holding Pond	100	0.01	100	0.01	
	– Storm Water Pond	44,074	6.25	44,074	6.25	
	Total (3)	196,986	27.92	196,986	27.92	
(4)	Building-up Area					
	– Control Building	1,000	0.14	1,000	0.14	
	- Workshop & Warehouse Building	1,200	0.17	1,200	0.17	
	- Administration Building and Guard house	800	0.11	800	0.11	
	– Additional Warehouse	972	0.14	972	0.14	
	– Waste Disposal Building	170	0.03	170	0.03	
	– Pikanesh House	80	0.01	80	0.01	
	– Third Warehouse Building	=	-	<u>5,940</u>	<u>0.84</u>	
	Total (4)	4,222	0.6	10,162	1.44	

Table 2-1

Details of the utilization of the area before and after the change in project details

of the Sriracha Power Plant Project (continued)

		Before the change		After the change	
Components within the project area		Approximate area (sq.m.)	Proportion Percentage of total area	Approximate area (sq.m.)	Proportion Percentage of total area
(5)	Green Area	35,300	5.00	35,300	5.00
(6)	Other areas (Road, drainage ditch, piping, Right of Way of transmission line, etc.)	113,411	16.07	113,411	16.07
(7)	Future development Area	220,607	31.27	214,667	30.43
	Total project area (sq.m.)	705,600	100.00	705,600	100.00

Source: Gulf SRC Company Limited, 2024

Table 2-2

Comparison of Setback Distances for the Third Warehouse Building with the Setback Requirements under the Industrial Estate

Authority of Thailand Notification No. 103/2556

	Additionally of makana Notification No. 103/2330					
	Industrial Estate Requirements *	Project				
1.	Clause 10: In the case of land development for the construction of a	- The project has allocated 0.8% of its total area for the construction of the Third				
	building or any structure on the operator's land plot, at least 30 percent	Warehouse Building, and 30.5% of the total area remains as open space for future				
	of that land area must remain as open space.	development, in accordance with the provisions of the aforementioned notification.				
2.	Clause 12: Operators must provide parking spaces within their land plots	- The Third Warehouse Building, covering 5,940 square meters, must provide at least 25 parking				
	at a minimum ratio of one car per 240 square meters of building area.	spaces in accordance with the requirements outlined in the aforementioned notification.				
	Any fraction of 240 square meters is to be counted as 240 square meters.	- The project has provided 29 parking spaces for the Third Warehouse Building, which				
	In such cases, the higher number of required parking spaces shall be	exceeds the minimum requirements specified in the aforementioned notification.				
	used as the standard.					
3.	Clause 15: The construction or modification of buildings in the industrial	North side				
	estate must adhere to the following criteria:	- Setback from the fence line: 43.6 meters				
(1)	For buildings with a height not exceeding 12.00 meters, the setback from	East side				
	the outer column line or exterior wall of the building to the fence or	- Setback from the fence line: 24.1 meters				
	boundary at the frontage or any side with an entrance/exit must be at	West side				
	least 6.00 meters. For buildings exceeding 12.00 meters in height, the	- Setback from the fence line: 72.5 meters				
	required setback must be at least 12.00 meters. Additionally, the eaves	South side				
	of the building must be set back at least 4.00 meters from the fence or	- Setback from the fence line: 12.7 meters				
	plot boundary. The building height is measured vertically from the road	All of these setback distances comply with the requirements specified in the				
	level or the constructed ground level up to the tallest part of the	aforementioned notification.				
	building. In the case of buildings with a gabled or hipped roof, the height					
	is measured up to the top of the highest wall of the topmost floor.					

Source: * Notification of the Industrial Estate Authority of Thailand No. 103/2556 Re: Land Development for Operators in Industrial Estates.

3. ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT

The consultant only conducted an EIA for impacts that are anticipated to differ from those presented in the Sriracha Power Plant Project's EIA report which has been approved as follows:

3.1 Land use within the project area

After the change in project details, it is found that the size of building-up areas has increased from 4,222 square meters to 10,162 square meters, due to the addition of a Third Warehouse. The size of the vacant space, which is reserved for future development, has decreased from 220,607 square meters to 214,667 square meters, whereas the area in use for electricity production and green areas have remained the same.

Therefore, compared to the Environmental Impact Assessment Report that was approved, the overall land use within the project area <u>has not changed</u> significantly.

3.2 Air quality

3.2.1 Construction phase

The assessment of air quality impacts during the operational phase considers only the additional construction activities for the Third Warehouse Building. The construction site has already been leveled and prepared during the initial project construction phase. However, excavation activities for the building's foundation will take place. The Third Warehouse Building covers an area of 5,940 square meters (54 meters wide × 110 meters long), and the excavation process, which may generate airborne dust, is expected to last approximately two months (60 days). Construction activities will be conducted only during daytime hours, from 08:00 to 17:00 (8 hours per day). As a result, this project modification will involve excavation of approximately 99 square meters per day, which accounts for about 18% of the excavation activities during the project's initial construction phase, where a total excavation area of approximately 306,891.9 square meters was undertaken over 18 months (540 days), averaging 568.3 square meters of excavation per day.

The construction activities for the Third Warehouse Building, following the project modifications, will involve fewer machinery and vehicles compared to the construction activities outlined in the approved EIA report (2018).

Additionally, environmental quality monitoring conducted during the construction phase of the project from 2021 to 2024 at designated monitoring stations including the project site, sensitive areas, and nearby communities indicated that air quality levels remained within the general ambient air quality standards.

Therefore, the anticipated air quality impacts from the project modifications are expected to remain below the ambient air quality standards, similar to those observed during the initial construction phase of the project.

3.3 Noise

3.3.1 Construction phase

(1) Average noise level over 24 hours

The area of Chumchon Borisat Namtan Tawan-aok School - Considering the 24-hour average noise level from the construction activities of Third Warehouse Building (55.9 dB(A)), combined with the current noise level (57.9 dB(A)), it is found that the total noise level in the Chumchon Borisat Namtan Tawan-aok School is 60.0 dB(A).

The area of Chomphon Chaophraya Subdistrict Municipality Early Childhood Development Center - Considering the 24-hour average noise level from the construction activities of Third Warehouse Building (52.2 dB(A)), combined with the current noise level (57.9 dB(A)), it is found that the total noise level in the Chomphon Chaophraya Subdistrict Municipality Early Childhood Development Center is 58.9 dB(A).

The area of Chomphon Chaophraya Temple - Considering the 24-hour average noise level from the construction activities of Third Warehouse Building (46.8 dB(A)), combined with the current noise level (58.4 dB(A)), it is found that the total noise level in the Chomphon Chaophraya Temple is 58.7 dB(A).

The area of The Proud Village - Considering the 24-hour average noise level from the construction activities of Third Warehouse Building (46.7 dB(A)), combined with the current noise level (58.4 dB(A)), it is found that the total noise level in the Proud Village is $58.7 \, dB(A)$.

(2) Level of Noise Disturbance

The area of Chumchon Borisat Namtan Tawan-aok School has noise disturbance levels from the construction activities of the Third Warehouse Building, following the project modifications, indicates that at Chumchon Borisat Namtan Tawan-aok School, the noise disturbance levels range between 9.6–22.1 dB(A). This exceeds the standard threshold, which is set at no more than 10 dB(A).

The area of Chomphon Chaophraya Subdistrict Municipality Early Childhood Development Center has noise disturbance levels from the construction activities of the Third Warehouse Building, following the project modifications, indicates that at the Chomphon Chaophraya Subdistrict Municipality Early Childhood Development Center, the noise disturbance levels range between 5.9–18.4 dB(A). This exceeds the standard threshold, which is set at no more than 10 dB(A).

The area of Chomphon Chaophraya Temple has noise disturbance levels from the construction activities of the Third Warehouse Building, following the project modifications, indicates that at Chomphon Chaophraya Temple, the noise disturbance levels range from no disturbance to 11.2 dB(A). This exceeds the standard threshold, which is set at no more than 10 dB(A).

The area of The Proud Village has noise disturbance levels from the construction activities of the Third Warehouse Building, following the project modifications, indicates that at The Proud Village, the noise disturbance levels range from no disturbance to 11.1 dB(A). This exceeds the standard threshold, which is set at no more than 10 dB(A).

However, the project will increase the thickness of the supporting materials on pile heads and install temporary U-shaped noise barriers on the north, east, and south sides. As a result, the levels of noise disturbance will be as follows:

The area of Chumchon Borisat Namtan Tawan-aok School The assessment of noise disturbance levels from the construction activities of the Third Warehouse Building, following the project modifications, indicates that at Chumchon Borisat Namtan Tawan-aok School, the noise disturbance levels range from no disturbance to 5.7 dB(A). This is within the standard threshold, which is set at no more than 10 dB(A).

The area of Chomphon Chaophraya Subdistrict Municipality Early Childhood Development Center The assessment of noise disturbance levels from the construction activities of the Third Warehouse Building, following the project modifications,

indicates that at Chomphon Chaophraya Subdistrict Municipality Early Childhood Development Center, the noise disturbance levels range from no disturbance to 2.0 dB(A). This is within the standard threshold, which is set at no more than 10 dB(A).

The area of Chomphon Chaophraya Temple The assessment of noise disturbance levels from the construction activities of the Third Warehouse Building, following the project modifications, indicates that at Chomphon Chaophraya Temple, there is no disturbance. This is within the standard threshold, which is set at no more than 10 dB(A).

The area of The Proud Village The assessment of noise disturbance levels from the construction activities of the Third Warehouse Building, following the project modifications, indicates that at The Proud Village, there is no disturbance. This is within the standard threshold, which is set at no more than 10 dB(A).

3.4 Surface and Groundwater Quality

3.4.1 Construction phase

After the project modifications, the construction of the Third Warehouse Building will take place while all four power generation units are in commercial operation. During this period, wastewater generated from the consumption and domestic use of construction workers is estimated to be approximately <u>8.06</u> cubic meters per day. This calculation is based on 80% of the water consumption rate of 70 liters per person per day (Kriangsak, 1996) for a maximum of <u>144</u> workers. The project requires the contractor to provide adequate restrooms and toilets for workers and construction supervisors at a ratio of one toilet per 15 workers. Additionally, a packaged wastewater treatment system must be installed to treat the wastewater to meet the required standards. These measures are already covered in the approved EIA report.

3.5 Transportation

3.5.1 Construction phase

Increased traffic volume from the traffic of power plant workers, transportation of sludge produced by the treatment system and discharged from the cooling tower, chemical transport, diesel transport, and transport of construction workers for

Third Warehouse Building equals to <u>18.5</u> PCU/hour. Such transport activities will occur in the surrounding area of WHA Industrial Estate Eastern Seaboard only on such roads as, National Highway No.3574 and Rural Road No. Ror Yor 0403. To analyze the traffic conditions of highways and roads, the V/C ratio would be in the range of <u>0.02 to 0.19</u> and will not affect the flow of traffic on any of the transportation routes.

3.6 Water usage

3.6.1 Construction phase

The Third Warehouse Building will be constructed while all four power generation units are in commercial operation. Water usage for worker consuming activities during that time was roughly 10.08 cubic meters per day. It is figured out using the water consumption rate of 70 liters per person per day. 144 people are employed in construction. Sufficient water must be provided by the contractor to meet the demands. The impact measure have been already recommended in the EIA Report that has been approved.

3.7 Drainage and Flood control

3.7.1 Operation phase

The stormwater drainage system of the project would be designed to support the rainfall around the Third Warehouse Building. Overall, the project's stormwater drainage system still drains stormwater in the same direction. Following project development, the volume of uncontaminated precipitation will increase by approximately 3.79 cubic meters per second or 13,644 cubic meters per hour because most of the area will be compacted ground and concrete after the project is developed. Due to the increased water flow, water retention is necessary to reduce the impact on the hydrological conditions outside the project area. This water retention period must be at least three hours. However, it is discovered that the project's existing storm water pond with a total capacity of not less than 89,469 cubic meters as stated in the approved EIA report can contain all of the rainwater that happens without in overflowing outside the project area. Additionally, it can be recognized that the stormwater drainage system of the WHA Industrial Estate will be able to support all runoff that occurs in the project area. After the project's details have changed, the surrounding area will remain unaffected.

3.8 Waste management

3.8.1 Construction phase

General solid waste from <u>144</u> construction workers increases the amount of solid waste by <u>154.08</u> kg/day. (Calculated from about <u>144</u> workers and a solid waste generation rate of <u>1.07</u> kg/person/day, according to <u>Pollution Control Department (PCD).</u> <u>2022</u>) which includes food trash, plastic bags, and paper. The solid waste will be gathered and will be delivered to the appropriate local authorities for disposal.

For the construction of a 170 square meter single-story steel structure building for storage of general solid waste, general scrap, oil-contaminated textiles, oil-contaminated material, lubricant containers, used lubricant under a covered structure, large enough for storage and segregation according to the type of waste, the project intends to prevent contamination of rainwater.

As a result, the project's impact on waste management has not changed from what has been stated in the approved report.

4. REVISION OF MITIGATION MEASURES AND MONITORING PROGRAM

From the assessment of the impact of the changes in the project details, it is found that the project's impacts on noise levels differ from those indicated in the project's approved EIA report. Therefore, the project has adjusted the impact mitigation measures and monitoring programs in order to manage the expected impact. Additionally, the project has requested to revise the waste management measures. While the measures themselves remain unchanged, the revision involves updating the names of relevant laws to align with current regulations.

Therefore, the Sriracha Power Plant Project has enhanced its measures following changes in project details. A comparison of the environmental measures before and after these changes for the Sriracha Power Plant Project of Gulf SRC Company Limited is presented in **Table 4-1**.

Table 4-1

Comparison of the environmental measures before and after the change of project details of Sriracha Power Plant Project of Gulf SRC Company Limited's

Gulf SRC Company Limited's						
Measures in the approved report	Changes to the measures in this report	Remarks				
1. Noise action plan	1. Noise action plan	Additional measures for				
(1) Measures to prevent and correct environmental	(1) Measures to prevent and correct environmental	the construction of the				
impacts	impacts	Third Warehouse Building.				
(A) Construction phase	(A) Construction phase					
- Install temporary noise barriers along the fence on	- Install temporary U-shaped noise barriers on the north,					
the south, east, and west sides of the area where	east, and south sides of the construction area for the					
the second raw water pond and waste disposal	Third Warehouse Building. Initially, metal sheet with a					
building will be constructed. Initially, metal sheet	thickness of at least 0.64 mm (steel 24 ga) or other					
with a thickness of at least 1.27 mm (steel 18 ga)	materials with a transmission loss value of 18 dB(A) has					
or other materials with a transmission loss value	been selected to be used. Height of noise barrier the					
of 25 dB(A) has been selected to be used. Height	south is 2.5 meters above the ground.					
of noise barrier the south is 5 meters above the						
ground.						
(2) Measures to monitor environmental impacts	(2) Measures to monitor environmental impacts	The construction of the				
(A) Construction phase : Measure noise level in the	(A) Construction phase : Measure noise level in the vicinity	Third Warehouse Building				
vicinity of the project site, at 3 stations of :	of the project site, at $\underline{5}$ stations of :	will include noise				
- Station 1 Near the fence on the south of the	- Station 1 Near the fence on the south of the project site	monitoring every six				
project site (side adjacent to Chomphon	(side adjacent to Chomphon Chaophraya Temple and	months, covering activities				
Chaophraya Temple and The Proud Village)	The Proud Village)	that generate high noise				
		levels, <u>such as</u>				

Table 4-1

Comparison of the environmental measures before and after the change of project details of Sriracha Power Plant Project of Gulf SRC Company Limited's (continued)

Measures in the approved report	Changes to the measures in this report	Remarks
1. Noise action plan (continued)	1. Noise action plan (continued)	pile driving during the
(2) Measures to monitor environmental impacts	(2) Measures to monitor environmental impacts	construction phase.
(A) Construction phase : Measure noise level in the	(A) Construction phase : Measure noise level in the	
vicinity of the project site, at 3 stations of :	vicinity of the project site, at 5 stations of :	
- Station 2 Chumchon Borisat Namtan Tawan-aok School	- Station 2 Chumchon Borisat Namtan Tawan-aok School	
- Station 3 Chomphon Chaophraya Temple or The Proud Village	 Station 3 Chomphon Chaophraya Temple or The Proud Village Station 4 Near the fence on the northeastern of the project site (side adjacent to Chumchon Borisat 	
	Namtan Tawan-aok School) - Station 5 Chomphon Chaophraya Subdistrict Municipality Early Childhood Development Center	

Table 4-1

Comparison of the environmental measures before and after the change of project details of Sriracha Power Plant Project of Gulf SRC Company Limited's (continued)

Measures in the approved report	Changes to the measures in this report	Remarks			
2. Waste Management action plan	2. Waste Management action plan	The measures remain			
(1) Measures to prevent and correct environmental	(1) Measures to prevent and correct environmental	unchanged; only the			
impacts	impacts	names of relevant laws			
(A) Construction phase	(A) Construction phase	have been updated to			
- Hazardous waste shall be disposed of properly in	- Hazardous waste shall be disposed of properly in	align with current			
accordance with the Ministry of Industry's	accordance with the Ministry of Industry's Notification	regulations.			
Notification on the Disposal of Waste or Unused	on the Management of Waste or Unused Materials,				
Materials, B.E. 2548 (2005).	B.E. 2566 (2023), or the most recent applicable				
	legislation.				
- Control the management of oil waste generated by	- Control the management of oil waste generated by				
the project, such as from engine oil changes and	the project, such as from engine oil changes and				
construction equipment. The waste oil shall be	construction equipment. The waste oil shall be stored				
stored in hazardous waste containers and disposed	in hazardous waste containers and disposed of				
of properly in accordance with the Ministry of	properly in accordance with the Ministry of Industry's				
Industry's Notification on the Disposal of Waste or	Notification on the Management of Waste or Unused				
Unused Materials, B.E. 2548 (2005).	Materials, B.E. 2566 (2023), or the most recent				
	applicable legislation.				

Table 4-1

Comparison of the environmental measures before and after the change of project details of Sriracha Power Plant Project of Gulf SRC Company Limited's (continued)

	add site company Emitted's (continued)						
	Measures in the approved report		Changes to the measures in this report	Rema	arks		
2.	Waste Management action plan (continued)	2.	Waste Management action plan (continued)	The measur	res remai	n	
	(1) Measures to prevent and correct environmental		(1) Measures to prevent and correct environmental	unchanged;	only th	е	
im	pacts	im	pacts	names of rel	levant law	S	
	(B) Operation phase		(B) Operation phase	have been u	updated t	Э	
	- Hazardous waste that meets the characteristics and		- Hazardous waste that meets the characteristics and	align with	currer	it	
	properties specified in the Ministry of Industry's		properties specified in the Ministry of Industry's	regulations.			
	Notification on the Disposal of Waste or Unused		Notification on the Management of Waste or Unused				
	Materials, B.E. 2548 (2005), such as lubricating oil		Materials, B.E. 2566 (2023), or the most recent				
	and solvents used for cleaning equipment, must be		applicable legislation, such as lubricating oil and				
	stored separately from general waste.		solvents used for cleaning equipment, must be stored				
			separately from general waste.				
	- Provide containers/tanks for securely storing waste		- Provide containers/tanks for securely storing waste				
	from the production process, such as resin and oil,		from the production process, such as resin and oil, to				
	to ensure proper disposal in accordance with the		ensure proper disposal in accordance with the				
	Ministry of Industry's Notification on the Disposal of		Ministry of Industry's Notification on the Management				
	Waste or Unused Materials, B.E. 2548 (2005).		of Waste or Unused Materials, B.E. 2566 (2023), or the				
			most recent applicable legislation.				