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1. Organizational Chart (As of December 1, 2022)

JBIC is constituted by four mission/sector-specific finance groups (Energy and Natural Resources Finance Group; Infrastructure and Environment Finance Group; Industry Finance Group; and Equity Finance Group) and the Corporate Planning Group, the Credit, Assessment and Risk Management Group and the Treasury and Systems Group which support these finance groups.

This organizational structure was intended to strengthen the capacity to formulate projects by bringing together

know-how and expertise in each sector and area, thereby creating an institution that can execute the functions in its mission more flexibly and strategically: the mission directly linked to Japan's economic policy. In the network of overseas representative offices, Singapore, London and New York are assigned as core regional headquarters to supervise business and administrative activities as well as support project formulation in Asia and Pacific; Europe, the Middle East and Africa, and the Americas respectively.



Overseas Representative Offices

(Resident Executive Officer, Regional Head for Asia and Pacific: MATSUDA Noriyasu)	Singapore* (Regional Headquarters for Asia and Pacific), Beijing, Bangkok, Hanoi, Jakarta, Manila, New Delhi, Sydney
(Resident Executive Officer, Regional Head for Europe, the Middle East and Africa: ISEKI Yusuke)	London* (Regional Headquarters for Europe, the Middle East and Africa), Moscow, Paris, Istanbul, Dubai
(Resident Executive Officer, Regional Head for the Americas: MOTOKAWA Nagayoshi)	New York* (Regional Headquarters for the Americas), Washington, D.C., Buenos Aires, Mexico City, Rio de Janeiro

* Singapore, London and New York are assigned as core regional headquarters to supervise business and administrative activities and support project formulation in Asia and Pacific; Europe, the Middle East and Africa; and the Americas, respectively.

2. Overseas Network (As of December 1, 2022)



★Regional Headquarters

★**REPRESENTATIVE OFFICE REGISTERED IN SINGAPORE**
(Regional Headquarters for Asia and Pacific)

9 Raffles Place, #51-02 Republic Plaza, Singapore 048619
Tel. 65-6557-2806
Fax. 65-6557-2807

●**REPRESENTATIVE OFFICE IN BEIJING**

2102, Tower C Office Building, YINTAI Center, No. 2 Jianguomenwai Avenue, Chaoyang District, Beijing 100022, P.R.C.
Tel. 86-10-6505-8989
Fax. 86-10-6505-3829

●**REPRESENTATIVE OFFICE IN BANGKOK**

21st Floor, Park Ventures Ecoplex, 57 Wireless Road, Lumpini, Pathumwan, Bangkok 10330, Thailand
Tel. 66-2-252-5050
Fax. 66-2-252-5514

●**REPRESENTATIVE OFFICE IN HANOI**

Unit 6.02, 6th Floor, CornerStone Building, 16 Phan Chu Trinh Street, Hoan Kiem District, Hanoi, Vietnam
Tel. 84-24-3824-8934, 8935, 8936
Fax. 84-24-3824-8937

●**REPRESENTATIVE OFFICE IN JAKARTA**

Summitmas II 5th Floor, Jl. Jenderal Sudirman, Kav. 61-62, Jakarta Selatan, Indonesia
Tel. 62-21-5220693
Fax. 62-21-5200975

●**REPRESENTATIVE OFFICE IN MANILA**

11/F, Tower 1, The Enterprise Center, 6766 Ayala Avenue corner Paseo de Roxas, Makati City, Philippines
Tel. 63-2-8856-7711, 7712, 7713, 7714
Fax. 63-2-8856-7715, 7716

●**REPRESENTATIVE OFFICE IN NEW DELHI**

306, 3rd Floor, World Mark 2, Asset No. 8, Hospitality District, Aerocity, New Delhi-110037, India
Tel. 91-11-4352-2900
Fax. 91-11-4352-2950

●**REPRESENTATIVE OFFICE IN SYDNEY**

Suite 4102, Level 41, Gateway Tower, 1 Macquarie Place, Sydney NSW 2000, Australia
Tel. 61-2-9293-7980

★**REPRESENTATIVE OFFICE IN LONDON**
(Regional Headquarters for Europe, the Middle East and Africa)

7th Floor, 80 Cheapside, London, EC2V 6EE, U.K.
Tel. 44-20-7489-4350
Fax. 44-20-7489-4351

●**REPRESENTATIVE OFFICE IN MOSCOW**

123610 Moscow, Krasnopresnenskaya Nab.12, World Trade Center, Office No. 905, Russian Federation
Tel. 7-495-258-1832, 1835, 1836
Fax. 7-495-258-1858

●**REPRESENTATIVE OFFICE IN PARIS**

6-8, Boulevard Haussmann, 75009 Paris, France
Tel. 33-1-4703-6190

●**REPRESENTATIVE OFFICE IN ISTANBUL**

Esentepe Mahallesi, Büyükdere Cad. No:199/95, Levent 199, Kat (Floor) 20 - 34394 Şişli/İstanbul, Turkey
Tel. 90-212-337-4060

●**REPRESENTATIVE OFFICE IN DUBAI**

9th floor, West, The Gate Dubai International Financial Centre, P.O. Box 121300, Dubai, U.A.E.
Tel. 971-4-363-7091
Fax. 971-4-363-7090

★**REPRESENTATIVE OFFICE IN NEW YORK**
(Regional Headquarters for the Americas)

712 Fifth Avenue 26th Floor, New York, NY 10019 U.S.A.
Tel. 1-212-888-9500
Fax. 1-212-888-9503

●**REPRESENTATIVE OFFICE IN WASHINGTON, D.C.**

1627 Eye Street, N.W., Suite 500, Washington, D.C., 20006, U.S.A.
Tel. 1-202-785-1785
Fax. 1-202-785-1787

●**REPRESENTATIVE OFFICE IN BUENOS AIRES**

Av. del Libertador No. 498, Piso 19, 1001 Capital Federal, Buenos Aires, Argentina
Tel. 54-11-4394-1379, 1803
Fax. 54-11-4394-1763

●**REPRESENTATIVE OFFICE IN MEXICO CITY**

Paseo de la Reforma 222-900B, Col. Juárez, Del. Cuauhtémoc, México D.F., C.P. 06600, México
Tel. 52-55-5525-6790
Fax. 52-55-5525-3473

●**REPRESENTATIVE OFFICE IN RIO DE JANEIRO**

Praia de Botafogo, 228, Sala 801B, Setor A, Botafogo, Rio de Janeiro, RJ, CEP 22250-906, Brazil
Tel. 55-21-2554-2305
Fax. 55-21-2554-8798

3. History

Events related to the Export-Import Bank of Japan (JEXIM)

December 1950 The Japan Export Bank Act promulgated and enforced; The Japan Export Bank established

April 1952 The Japan Export Bank changed its name to The Export-Import Bank of Japan

Events related to the Japan Bank for International Cooperation (former JBIC)

April 1999 The Japan Bank for International Cooperation Act promulgated and enforced

September 1999 Order for the Japan Bank for International Cooperation Act promulgated and enforced

October 1999 The Japan Bank for International Cooperation (former JBIC) established (taking over operations of the Export-Import Bank of Japan and those of the Overseas Economic Cooperation Fund)

Events related to the Japan Finance Corporation

June 2006 The Act on Promotion of Administrative Reform for Realization of Small and Efficient Government promulgated and enforced

May 2007 The Japan Finance Corporation Act promulgated and enforced

April 2008 Order for the Japan Finance Corporation Act promulgated and enforced

October 2008 The Japan Finance Corporation established

March 2010 The Revision of Japan Finance Corporation Act enforced (Promoting the overseas business having the purpose of preserving the global environment, such as preventing global warming was added to JBIC mission)

April 2010 The Account for Facilitating Realignment of United States Forces in Japan created

Events related to the Japan Bank for International Cooperation (JBIC)

May 2011 The Japan Bank for International Cooperation Act promulgated and partially enforced

July 2011 Order for Enforcement of the Japan Bank for International Cooperation Act and Cabinet Order for Revising Part of the Japan Finance Corporation Act promulgated and enforced (The scope of operations was expanded, including the rule on export financing to developed countries)

April 2012 The Japan Bank for International Cooperation (JBIC) established

November 2012 The Account for Facilitating Realignment of United States Forces in Japan closed

May 2016 The Act for Partial Amendment of the Japan Bank for International Cooperation Act promulgated and partially enforced

The Cabinet Order for Revising Part of the Order for Enforcement of the JBIC Act promulgated and enforced

October 2016 The account for the Special Operations created

January 2020 The Cabinet Order for Revising Part of the Order for Enforcement of the JBIC Act promulgated and enforced

July 2020 The Cabinet Order for Revising Part of the Order for Enforcement of the JBIC Act promulgated and enforced

June 2022 The Cabinet Order for Revising Part of the Order for Enforcement of the JBIC Act promulgated and enforced

4. Japan Bank for International Cooperation Act

Excerpt of the Japan Bank for International Cooperation Act (Act No. 39 of 2011)

Article 1: Purpose

Japan Bank for International Cooperation shall be a *Kabushiki-Kaisha*, which has the purpose of contributing to the sound development of Japan and the international economy and society, by taking responsibility for the financial function to promote the overseas development and securement of resources which are important for Japan, to maintain and improve the international competitiveness of Japanese industries and to promote the overseas business having the purpose of preserving the global environment, such as preventing global warming, also providing the financial services that are necessary to prevent disruptions to international financial order or to take appropriate measures with respect to damages caused by such disruption, while having the objective of supplementing the financial transactions implemented by ordinary financial institutions.

Article 3: Holding of Shares by Government

The Government shall, at all times, hold the total number of outstanding shares of JBIC.

Article 4: Government's Contribution

1. The Government may, when it finds it to be necessary, make contributions to JBIC within the amount appropriated in the budget.
2. When a contribution is made by the Government pursuant to the provisions of the preceding Paragraph, JBIC shall, notwithstanding the provisions of Paragraph 2 of Article 445 of the Companies Act (Act No. 86 of 2005), be allowed not to record the amount exceeding half of such contribution amount as the capital. In this case, "this Act" referenced in Paragraph 1 of the same Article shall be deemed to be replaced with "this Act or Japan Bank for International Cooperation Act (Act No. 39 of 2011)."
3. When a contribution is made by the Government pursuant to the provisions of Paragraph 1, JBIC shall allocate the capital and reserves increased thereby, to the accounts related to the operations listed in each Item of Article 26-2, in accordance with the separation of accounting set forth in Article 26-2.

Article 5: Limitation, etc. on Use of Name

1. No person other than JBIC shall use the words "Japan Bank for International Cooperation" in its name.
2. The provisions of Paragraph 2 of Article 6 of the Banking Act shall not be applied to JBIC.

Article 6: Resolution for Appointment and Removal, etc. of Officers, etc.

1. The resolution for the appointment and removal of the Officers, etc. (meaning Directors, Executive Officers and Auditor(s); the same shall apply hereinafter) of JBIC shall not take effect unless the authorization of the Minister of Finance is granted.
2. The resolution for selection and displacement of a Representative Director or Representative Executive Officer of JBIC shall not take effect unless the authorization of the Minister of Finance is granted.

Article 11: Scope of Operations

JBIC shall, for attaining its purpose, engage in the operations listed below:

- (1) The loan of funds necessary for the Export of Equipment, etc., the acquisition by assignment of loan receivables

related to such funds, the Guarantee, etc. of Liabilities related to such funds, in the case where the Foreign Financial Institutions, etc. or the Foreign Governments, etc. provide the Guarantee, etc. of Liabilities with respect to such funds, the Guarantee, etc. of Liabilities related to such funds, the Guarantee, etc. of Liabilities, or the acquisition of the Public/Corporate Bonds, etc. issued in order to procure such funds by certain measures, such as acquisition through subscription;

- (2) The loan of funds necessary to ensure the reliable and timely Import of Important Goods, etc., the acquisition by assignment of loan receivables related to such funds, the Guarantee, etc. of Liabilities related to such funds or the acquisition of the Public/Corporate Bonds, etc. to be issued in order to procure such funds by certain measures, such as acquisition through subscription;
- (3) The loan of funds to be used directly or indirectly for the business which the Juridical Persons, etc. of Japan, Foreign Governments, etc. or Foreign Juridical Persons, etc. Invested in conduct outside Japan, the acquisition by assignment of loan receivables related to such funds, the Guarantee, etc. of Liabilities related to such funds, in the case where the Juridical Persons, etc. of Japan, Foreign Juridical Persons, etc. Invested in, Foreign Financial Institutions, etc. or Foreign Governments, etc. provide the Guarantee, etc. of Liabilities to the Juridical Persons, etc. of foreign countries with respect to such funds, the Guarantee, etc. of Liabilities related to such funds, the Guarantee, etc. of Liabilities, or the acquisition of the Public/Corporate Bonds, etc. to be issued in order to procure such funds by certain measures, such as acquisition through subscription;
- (4) (i) The loan to the Foreign Governments, etc., Foreign Financial Institutions, etc. or international organizations, such as the International Monetary Fund, of long-term funds (meaning the funds required to be provided for more than one (1) year) required for their overseas business or the import of goods or introduction of technologies by the foreign country concerned, or funds required to attain the international balance of payments or achieve the stability of the currency of the foreign country concerned, (ii) the acquisition by assignment of loan receivables related to such funds or the Guarantee, etc. of Liabilities related to such funds or (iii) the acquisition of the Public/Corporate Bonds, etc. issued in order to procure such funds by certain measures, such as acquisition through subscription;
- (5) When it is found remarkably difficult for a foreign government or foreign resident to conduct overseas transactions, such as import by reason of the international balance of payments of the foreign country concerned, and it is found urgently necessary, the loan to the governments, governmental agencies or banks of the foreign country concerned, of the short-term funds (meaning the funds required necessary to be provided for one (1) year or less than one (1) year; the same shall apply hereinafter) necessary to facilitate overseas transactions, such as import, until the International Monetary Fund, etc. (meaning international organizations, such as the International Monetary Fund, or governments, governmental agencies or banks of more than two (2) countries other than that foreign country concerned; the

same shall apply hereinafter) provides funds to assist the development of the economy of the foreign country concerned (hereinafter referred to as the “Funds for Economic Assistance”);

- (6) The provision of contributions to persons who are carrying on business outside Japan (including those Juridical Persons, etc. of Japan whose sole purpose is to make overseas investments and who make contributions to those carrying on the aforesaid business) to contribute funds required for their business;
- (7) The carrying out of the necessary studies related to the operations listed in each of the preceding Items;
- (8) The provision of information to the users of operations provided by JBIC that pertains to such operations; and
- (9) Any other operations incidental to those listed in each of the preceding Items (excluding those listed in Item (7)).

Article 12:

1. Among the operations listed in Item (1) of the preceding Article, those which are related to the Export of Equipment, etc. destined for any area other than developing overseas areas (hereinafter referred to as the “Developing Areas”) may be conducted only in the cases listed below:
 - (1) when necessary countermeasures are taken in accordance with multilateral arrangements in the case where the Foreign Governments, etc., in which exporters conduct the export destined for the said area, grant credit, underwrite insurance or provide an interest (including those prescribed by the Ordinance of the Ministry of Finance as having an economic nature similar to an interest; the same shall apply hereinafter in Paragraph 2 of Article 16) support with more favorable conditions than usual in order to promote the export from such foreign countries; or
 - (2) when it is prescribed by a Cabinet Order as being a case recognized especially necessary in order to promote the policies of the Government concerning the maintenance or improvement of the international competitiveness of Japanese industries.
2. Among the operations listed in Item (1) of the preceding Article, those relating to the funds provided to the Juridical Persons, etc. of Japan may be conducted only in the cases listed below:
 - (1) where Banks, etc. provide Foreign Juridical Persons, etc. with the loan of funds with respect to the Export of Equipment, etc. necessary for the business with respect to the development of infrastructure and other foundation for socioeconomic activities overseas, and JBIC provides the loan of necessary funds for such loan to the Banks, etc.; or
 - (2) where the execution of the export by the Juridical Persons, etc. of Japan has become remarkably difficult due to disruptions to international financial order and the Minister of Finance determines that the exceptions of operations of JBIC are necessary in order to deal therewith.
3. Among the operations listed in Item (2) of the preceding Article, other than those conducted in order to promote overseas development and securement of resources important for Japan, only those relating to the funds listed below that are the Guarantee, etc. of Liabilities may be conducted:
 - (1) funds necessary to import the products, such as aircraft, specified by the Minister of Finance, with respect to which the products made in Japan are not sufficient to replace and the import to Japan is essential; or
 - (2) funds necessary to introduce such technologies specified by the Minister of Finance, with respect to which the technologies of Japan are not sufficient to replace and

the introduction to Japan is essential.

4. Among the operations listed in Item (3) of the preceding Article, those relating to the short-term loans may be conducted only in the case where JBIC has agreed to make loan of funds (excluding short-term funds) set forth in the same Item for the execution of business conducted by the Juridical Persons, etc. of Japan and the Foreign Juridical Persons, etc. Invested in and such loan of funds is recognized especially necessary in order to execute such business.
5. Among the operations listed in Item (3) of the preceding Article, the loan of funds necessary for the overseas business to be conducted by the Juridical Persons, etc. of Japan, other than those listed in Item (2) of the following Paragraph, may be conducted only if such loan is provided directly to such Juridical Persons, etc.
6. Among the operations listed in Item (3) of the preceding Article (excluding those conducted in order to promote overseas development and securement of resources important for Japan), loans to the Juridical Persons, etc. of Japan, other than the loans to the Small and Medium Enterprises, etc. (meaning the Small and Medium Enterprises or medium enterprises specified by the Minister of Finance; hereinafter the same shall apply) may be conducted only in the cases listed below.
 - (1) When the Juridical Persons, etc. of Japan begin or expand overseas business, or improve the efficiency thereof by contributing to the foreign juridical persons or accepting the assignment of all or part of the business of the foreign juridical persons (hereinafter referred to as “Contributions, etc.” in this Item), in the case where the loan of funds necessary for such Contributions, etc. is provided (only when it is prescribed by a Cabinet Order as being a case recognized especially necessary in order to promote the policies of the Government concerning the maintenance or improvement of the international competitiveness of Japanese industries).
 - (2) When the Banks, etc. provide the loan of funds listed below, in the case where the loan of funds necessary for such loan by such Banks, etc. is provided to such Banks, etc.:
 - a. loan of funds set forth in Item (3) of the preceding Article to the Small and Medium Enterprises, etc. or the Foreign Juridical Persons, etc. Invested in related to the contribution of the Small and Medium Enterprises, etc.;
 - b. loan of funds set forth in the preceding Item to the Juridical Persons, etc. of Japan (limited to those prescribed by the Cabinet Order set forth in the same Item); or
 - c. loan of funds set forth in Item (3) of the preceding Article to the Juridical Persons, etc. of Japan, Foreign Governments, etc., or Foreign Juridical Persons, etc. Invested in (limited to those related to the business with respect to the development of infrastructure and other foundation for socioeconomic activities overseas).
 - (3) When the loan of necessary funds is provided to the Juridical Persons, etc. of Japan for such Juridical Persons, etc. to conduct a business of leasing equipment made in Japan to overseas market (limited to those prescribed by a Cabinet Order as being a case recognized especially necessary in order to promote the policies of the Government concerning the maintenance or improvement of the international competitiveness of Japanese industries).
 - (4) When the execution of overseas business of the Juridical Persons, etc. of Japan has become remarkably difficult

due to disruptions to international financial order, in the case where the Minister of Finance determines that the exceptions of operations of JBIC are necessary in order to deal therewith.

7. Among the operations listed in Item (3) of the preceding Article (excluding those conducted in order to promote overseas development and securement of resources important for Japan), with respect to the business in any area other than the Developing Areas may be conducted only when it is prescribed by a Cabinet Order as being a case recognized especially necessary in order to promote the policies of the Government concerning the maintenance or improvement of the international competitiveness of Japanese industries.
8. The loan to the governments, governmental agencies or banks of foreign countries listed in Item (5) of the preceding Article may be conducted by obtaining the authorization of the Minister of Finance only when the provision of the Funds for Economic Assistance from the International Monetary Fund, etc. is expected to be certain and only in the cases listed below:
 - (1) where, by appropriating all or part of the Funds for Economic Assistance from the International Monetary Fund, etc. (excluding JBIC) for the redemption of the funds related to the loan, the redemption is expected to be secured; or
 - (2) where adequate underlying assets are secured for the loan.
9. Among the operations listed in Items (1) through (4) of the preceding Article, the Guarantee, etc. of Liabilities related to the liabilities of any person other than the Juridical Persons, etc. of Japan (excluding those related to the Public/Corporate Bonds, etc.) may be provided only in the cases listed below:
 - (1) When the Banks, etc., Foreign Financial Institutions, etc. or Foreign Governments, etc. provide the loan of such funds set forth in Items (1) through (4) of the preceding Article, in the case where the Guarantee, etc. of Liabilities related to such loan is provided (including the case in which the loan receivables related to such loan are assigned to the persons specified by the Minister of Finance);
 - (2) In the case where the Guarantee, etc. of Liabilities related to the Guarantee, etc. of Liabilities set forth in Items (1) and (3) of the preceding Article is provided;
 - (3) When, among the Guarantee, etc. of Liabilities related to the funds set forth in Item (3) of the preceding Article, the Juridical Persons, etc. of Japan or the Foreign Juridical Persons, etc. Invested in assign the monetary claims related to the overseas business to be conducted by the Juridical Persons, etc. of Japan or the Foreign Juridical Persons, etc. Invested in to the Banks, etc. or Foreign Financial Institutions, etc. and use the proceeds from the assignment for such business, in the case where the Guarantee, etc. of Liabilities related to such monetary claims is provided; or
 - (4) When the Banks, etc. or Foreign Financial Institutions, etc. provide the loan of funds set forth in Item (3) of the preceding Article in foreign currency, in the case where the Guarantee, etc. of Liabilities related to swap transactions (transactions listed in Item 5 of Paragraph 22 of Article 2 of the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act (Act No. 25 of 1948)) related to such funds conducted by such Banks, etc. or Foreign Financial Institutions, etc., is provided.
10. Among the operations listed in Items (1) through (4) of the preceding Article, the Guarantee, etc. of Liabilities (limited to those related to the Public/Corporate Bonds, etc.) and the acquisition of the Public/Corporate Bonds, etc. may be

conducted only in the cases listed below (with respect to the operations listed in Items (1) through (3) of the same Article, the cases listed in Items (2) through (7) below shall apply):

- (1) where part of the Public/Corporate Bonds, etc. (limited to those with a redemption period of more than one (1) year; the same shall apply in the following Item and Item (3) below) that were issued by the Foreign Financial Institutions, etc., the Foreign Governments, etc. or international organizations, such as the International Monetary Fund, are acquired;
 - (2) where the Public/Corporate Bonds, etc. are acquired and then such Public/Corporate Bonds, etc. are assigned to the Specific Purpose Company, etc. within the period specified by the Minister of Finance or where the Specific Trust is established, the Public/Corporate Bonds, etc. are entrusted to the Trust Company, etc. as assets of such Specific Trust, and then all or part of beneficial interests in such Specific Trust is assigned;
 - (3) where the Public/Corporate Bonds, etc. to be issued by the Specific Purpose Company, etc. or the Trust Company, etc. which are secured by loan receivables or the Public/Corporate Bonds, etc. are acquired;
 - (4) where the Guarantee, etc. of Liabilities relating to the Public/Corporate Bonds, etc. to be issued by the Foreign Juridical Persons, etc. Invested in, the Foreign Financial Institutions, etc., the Foreign Governments, etc. or international organizations, such as the International Monetary Fund, is provided;
 - (5) where the Guarantee, etc. of Liabilities related to such loan receivables, Public/Corporate Bonds, etc. or the monetary claims, which constitute such underlying assets, or the Public/Corporate Bonds, etc. to be issued by the Specific Purpose Company, etc. or the Trust Company, etc. is provided (excluding the Guarantee, etc. of Liabilities related to the Public/Corporate Bonds, etc. to be issued by the Banks, etc.) when the Specific Purpose Company, etc. or the Trust Company, etc. issues the Public/Corporate Bonds, etc. which are secured by loan receivables, the Public/Corporate Bonds, etc. or the monetary claims set forth in Item (3) of the preceding Paragraph;
 - (6) where the Guarantee, etc. of Liabilities related to the borrowing of funds by the Specific Purpose Company, etc. for the purpose of acquiring by assignment, or acquiring, such loan receivables or Public/Corporate Bonds, etc., which constitute such underlying assets, is provided when the Specific Purpose Company, etc. issues the Public/Corporate Bonds, etc., which are secured by loan receivables or the Public/Corporate Bonds, etc.; or
 - (7) where corporate bonds, any equivalent bond certificates or beneficial interests in trust (limited to those with a redemption period of more than one (1) year) that were issued by Juridical Persons, etc. in order to procure the funds necessary for the business with respect to the development of infrastructure and other foundation for socioeconomic activities overseas, are acquired.
11. Among the operations listed in Items (1) through (4) of the preceding Article, those listed below shall be conducted only when the loan thereof or the loan related to the loan receivables to be assigned is the Co-financing; provided, however, that this shall not apply, with respect to the operations listed in Item (1) below, in the case where it is recognized that it is remarkably difficult for the Banks, etc. to provide a loan of funds together with JBIC and the loan from JBIC is urgently necessary to attain the purpose of such loan, or if the case falls under any of the cases listed in Item (1) of Paragraph 2 or Item (2) of

Paragraph 6 hereof, with respect to the operations listed in Item (2) below, in the case where the loan receivables to the Foreign Juridical Persons, etc. Invested in with a redemption period of more than one (1) year are acquired by assignment within the period specified by the Minister of Finance for the purpose of assigning the same to the Specific Purpose Company, etc. or for the purpose of establishing the Specific Trust, with respect to the same, in the Trust Company, etc. and assigning all or part of the beneficial interest in such Specific Trust:

- (1) loan of funds pursuant to the provisions of Items (1) through (3) of the preceding Article made to the Juridical Persons, etc. of Japan; or
 - (2) acquisition by assignment of the loan receivables pursuant to the provisions of Items (1) through (4) of the preceding Article.
12. The operations listed in Item (7) of the preceding Article may be conducted only if they are the minimum necessary to promote the performance of the operations listed in Items (1) through (6) of the same Article smoothly and effectively.

Article 13: Practice of the Operation

1. The loan of funds, the acquisition by assignment of loan receivables, the acquisition of the Corporate/Public Bonds, etc., the Guarantee, etc. of Liabilities or the provision of contributions pursuant to the provisions of Items (1) through (6) of Article 11 hereof may be conducted only in the cases listed below:
 - (1) when the repayment of the funds so loaned, the collection of loan receivables so acquired, the redemption of Corporate/Public Bonds, etc. so acquired, the performance of the liabilities so guaranteed, etc. or the realization of profits that enable the payment of dividends resulting from business so contributed is recognized as being certain; or
 - (2) when the conditions, such as the interest rates (including those prescribed by the Ordinance of the Ministry of Finance as having an economic nature similar to interest rates; the same shall apply hereinafter in the following Paragraph) of loans (including those prescribed by the Ordinance of the Ministry of Finance as having an economic nature similar to a loan; the same shall apply hereinafter in the following Paragraph and Paragraph 2 of Article 16) and yield on loan receivables related to such loan (excluding loan of funds pursuant to the provisions of Items (2) and (5) of Article 11), such acquisition by assignment (excluding acquisition by assignment of loan receivables pursuant to the provisions of Item (2) of the same Article), such acquisition (excluding the acquisition of the Public/Corporate Bonds, etc. pursuant to the provisions of the same Item), such Guarantees, etc. of Liabilities (excluding guarantee, etc. of liabilities pursuant to the provisions of the same Item) or such contribution (for all such operations, limited to those related to the businesses with respect to the development of infrastructure and other foundation for socioeconomic activities overseas), are recognized as being appropriate, in light of the risks, etc. of such loans, such assigned loan receivables and other assets becoming irrecoverable (excluding the cases listed in the preceding Item).
2. The conditions, such as the interest rates of loans and yield on assigned loan receivables related to the operations listed in Items (1) through (6) of Article 11, shall be determined in light of usual conditions for transactions by the Banks, etc. or the trends of financial markets, so that revenue of each of the accounts of the respective operations listed in each

of the Items of Article 26-2 will be sufficient to cover the expenses therefor.

Article 13-2: Special Operations Guidelines

1. The Minister of Finance shall prescribe and make public the guidelines (hereinafter referred to as the “Special Operations Guidelines” in the following Paragraph and Paragraph 1 of the following Article) that JBIC shall follow upon conducting the operations listed below (hereinafter referred to as the “Special Operations”):
 - (1) Operations listed in Items (1), (3), (4) and (6) of Article 11 that are conducted in the cases listed in Item (2), Paragraph 1 of the preceding Article;
 - (2) Operations listed in Item (7) of Article 11 related to the operations listed in the preceding Item;
 - (3) Operations listed in Item (8) of Article 11 related to the operations listed in the preceding two (2) Items; or
 - (4) Operations listed in Item (9) of Article 11 related to the operations listed in the preceding three (3) Items (excluding operations listed in Item (2)).
2. The Special Operations Guidelines shall set forth the following matters:
 - (1) Standards to follow upon conducting the loan of funds, the acquisition by assignment of loan receivables, acquisition of the Public/Corporate Bonds, etc., the Guarantee, etc. of Liabilities or conducting the contributions related to the Special Operations;
 - (2) Matters regarding appropriate financial management of the Special Operations;
 - (3) Matters regarding supplement of financial transactions implemented by ordinary financial institutions in respect of the Special Operations;
 - (4) Matters regarding the system for conducting evaluation and monitoring with respect to the status of the implementation of the Special Operations;
 - (5) Matters regarding reports to the Minister of Finance with respect to the status of the implementation of the Special Operations; and
 - (6) Other matters necessary to ensure appropriate implementation of the Special Operations.

Article 13-3: Basic Policy concerning the Special Operations

1. JBIC shall set forth a basic policy concerning the Special Operations (hereinafter referred to as the “Special Operations Basic Policy” in the following Paragraph) with respect to the implementation of matters regarding the Special Operations as prescribed by the Ordinance of the Ministry of Finance, pursuant to the Special Operations Guidelines, and obtain the authorization of the Minister of Finance. The same shall apply if JBIC intends to make any changes thereto.
2. When the Minister of Finance determines that the Special Operations Basic Policy, approved pursuant to the provisions of the preceding Paragraph, has become inappropriate for JBIC to conduct the Special Operations appropriately, the Minister of Finance may order JBIC to change it.

Article 15: Business Year

The business year of JBIC shall begin on April 1 of each year and end on March 31 of the following year.

Article 16: Budget

1. JBIC shall prepare the budget for revenues and expenditures and submit it to the Minister of Finance for each business year.
2. The revenues set forth in the preceding Paragraph mean interest on loans (including those prescribed by the Ordinance of the Ministry of Finance as having an economic nature similar

to an interest), interest on the Corporate/Public Bonds, etc., dividends on contributions, debt guarantee fees and other incomes related to asset management and miscellaneous incidental income, and the expenditures set forth in the same Paragraph mean expense of operations, business entrustment fees, interest on borrowings (including those prescribed by the Ordinance of the Ministry of Finance as having an economic nature similar to a borrowing; the same shall apply hereinafter in Paragraphs 1 and 3 of Article 33), interest on bonds and notes and incidental expenses.

3. Upon receipt of the budget submitted pursuant to the provisions of Paragraph 1 above, the Minister of Finance shall examine such budget and make any necessary adjustments thereto, and obtain the Cabinet's decision thereon.
4. After the Cabinet's decision is made pursuant to the provisions of the preceding Paragraph, the Cabinet shall submit such budget to the Diet together with the national budget.
5. The form and content of the budget and procedures for the preparation and submission thereof shall be specified by the Minister of Finance.

Article 26: Submission of Financial Statements

1. JBIC shall prepare the list of assets every business year.
2. JBIC shall, within three (3) months after the end of every business year, submit to the Minister of Finance the balance sheets, statements of operations and list of assets (hereinafter referred to as the "Balance Sheets, etc.") and business report (including the Electro-Magnetic Record (which means the record specified by the Minister of Finance as a record which is produced by electronic, magnetic, or any other means unrecognizable by human perception and which is used for data-processing by a computer; the same shall apply hereinafter) which has recorded the matters to be described in such Balance Sheets, etc. and its business report) for each business year.

Article 26-2: Separate Accounting

JBIC shall separate the accounting for each category of operations listed below and allocate it by establishing the respective accounts for each category:

- (1) Operations other than the Special Operations (referred to in Article 33 as "Ordinary Operations"); and
- (2) Special Operations.

Article 26-3: Mutatis Mutandis Application of the Companies Act, etc. in respect of Separate Accounting

1. The provisions of Article 295, 337, 374, 396, Articles 431 through 443, and Articles 446 and 447 of the Companies Act shall apply *mutatis mutandis* to the separate accounting implemented by JBIC pursuant to the provisions of the preceding Paragraph. In such case, the term, "of a Stock Company", referenced in Article 446 of the same Act, shall be deemed to be replaced with "that belongs to the account established under the provision of Article 26-2 of Japan Bank for International Cooperation Act (Act No. 39 of 2011)"; the term, "the amounts listed in item (v) through (vii) from the sum", also referenced therein, shall be deemed to be replaced with "the amounts listed in item (v) through (vii), which is recorded in the account to which the said surplus belongs to, from the sum which is recorded in the account to which the said surplus belongs to"; and the term, "stated capital", referenced in Paragraphs 1 and 2 of Article 447 of the same Act, shall be deemed to be replaced with "stated capital belonging to the account established pursuant to the provision of Article 26-2 of Japan Bank for International Cooperation Act"; the term, "reserves", referenced in Item 2 of Paragraph

1 of the same Article, shall be deemed to be replaced with "reserves belonging to the account established pursuant to the provision of the same Article"; and the term, "and the reserves", also referenced therein, shall be deemed to be replaced with "and such reserves"; the term "the stated capital", referenced in Paragraph 3 of the same Article, shall be deemed to be replaced with "the stated capital belonging to the account established pursuant to the provision of Article 26-2 of Japan Bank for International Cooperation Act"; and the term, "the stated capital", also referenced therein, shall be deemed to be replaced with "the stated capital belonging to the account established pursuant to the provision of the same Article"; and any other necessary technical replacement of terms shall be specified by a Cabinet Order.

2. The provisions of Article 448, 449, and Paragraphs 1 (limited to the portions related to Item 5 thereof) and 2 (limited to the portions related to Item 5 thereof) of Article 828 of the Companies Act shall apply *mutatis mutandis* to the accounting practices implemented by JBIC by separating it pursuant to the provisions of the preceding Article, except for the case where any surplus is accumulated as a reserve under the provisions of Paragraph 1 of Article 31 hereof and the case where such reserve is drawn down pursuant to the provision of Paragraph 2 of Article 31 hereof. In this case, the term "the reserves", referenced in Paragraphs 1 and 2 of Article 448 of the same Act, shall be deemed to be replaced with "the reserves belonging to the account established pursuant to the provision of Article 26-2 of Japan Bank for International Cooperation Act"; the term "the stated capital", referenced in Item 2 of Paragraph 1 of the same Article shall be deemed to be replaced with "the stated capital that shall belong to the account established pursuant to the provision of the same Article"; the term, "and the stated capital", also referenced therein, shall be deemed to be replaced with "and such stated capital"; the term, "the reserves", referenced in Paragraph 3 of the same Article, shall be deemed to be replaced with "the reserves belonging to the account established pursuant to the provision of Article 26-2 of Japan Bank for International Cooperation Act"; and the term, "the reserves", also referenced therein in the same Paragraph, shall be deemed to be replaced with "the reserves belonging to the account established pursuant to the provision of the same Article"; and any other necessary technical replacement of terms shall be specified by a Cabinet Order.
3. In the case where JBIC increases or reduces the amount of its stated capital belonging to the account established pursuant to the provisions of the preceding Article, an amount of JBIC's stated capital shall be the sum of the amounts of stated capital belonging to all the accounts of JBIC after the implementation of such increase or reduction; and in the case where JBIC increases or reduces the amount of its reserves belonging to the account established pursuant to the provision of the same Article, the amount of JBIC's reserves shall be the sum of the amounts of the reserves belonging to all the accounts of JBIC after the implementation of such increase or reduction. In this case, the provisions of Articles 447 through 449, and Paragraphs 1 (limited to the portions related to Item 5) and 2 (limited to the portions related to Item 5) of Article 828 of the Companies Act shall not apply.

Article 27: Preparation and Submission of Report on Settlement of Accounts

1. After submitting the Balance Sheets, etc. pursuant to the provisions of Paragraph 2 of Article 26, JBIC shall, every business year, prepare a report on the settlement of accounts for the relevant business year (including the Electro-Magnetic Record which has recorded the matters to be described in

such report on the settlement of accounts; the same shall apply hereinafter) and submit it to the Minister of Finance, without delay, by attaching the opinion of the Auditor(s), Audit and Supervisory Committee or Audit Committee concerning such report on the settlement of accounts, together with such submitted Balance Sheets, etc.

2. Upon receiving the report on the settlement of accounts pursuant to the provisions of the preceding Paragraph, the Minister of Finance shall send it to the Cabinet, together with the Balance Sheets, etc. referenced in the same Paragraph.
3. Upon making the submission pursuant to the provisions of Paragraph 1 of this Article, JBIC shall, without delay, keep the report on the settlement of accounts and the document stating the opinion of the Auditor (s), Audit and Supervisory Committee or Audit Committee at its head office and branch offices and make them available for public inspection during the period prescribed by the Ordinance of the Ministry of Finance.
4. The form and content of the report on the settlement of accounts shall be specified by the Minister of Finance.

Article 28: Sending of Report on Settlement of Accounts to Board of Audit of Japan

Upon receiving JBIC's report on the settlement of accounts pursuant to the provisions of Paragraph 2 of the preceding Article, the Cabinet shall send it, together with the Balance Sheets, etc. set forth in Paragraph 1 of the same Article, to the Board of Audit of Japan no later than November 30 of the following business year.

Article 29: Submission of Report on Settlement of Accounts to Diet

The Cabinet shall submit JBIC's report on the settlement of accounts for which the Board of Audit of Japan has finished its inspection, to the Diet, by attaching the Balance Sheets, etc. set forth in Paragraph 1 of Article 27 hereof, together with the settlement of accounts for national revenues and expenditures.

Article 31: Payment to National Treasury

1. In each of the accounts related to the operations listed in each Item of Article 26-2, in the event that the amount of the surplus recorded in the settlement of accounts for each business year exceeds zero, JBIC shall accumulate, as a reserve, the amount calculated in accordance with the standards prescribed by a Cabinet Order, among such surplus, until it reaches the amount prescribed by the Cabinet Order, and if there is still a surplus, JBIC shall pay the amount of such surplus into the National Treasury within three (3) months after the end of such business year.
2. In the event that the amount of the surplus recorded in the settlement of accounts for each business year falls below zero in the respective accounts set forth in the preceding Paragraph, JBIC shall allocate such surplus by drawing down the reserve set forth in the same Paragraph until the amount of such surplus becomes zero.
3. The procedures for the payment into the National Treasury pursuant to the provisions of Paragraph 1 of this Article, the account into which such payment is to be made and other necessary matters concerning the payment to the National Treasury shall be prescribed by a Cabinet Order.
4. The reserves set forth in Paragraph 1 shall be allocated for each category of the accounts related to the operations listed in each Item of Article 26-2.
5. JBIC shall not be allowed to make any appropriation of its surplus, such as dividend of its surplus, nor any appropriation of its surplus belonging to the accounts related to the operations listed in each Item of Article 26-2, such as dividends of such

surplus, unless such disposition is made pursuant to the provisions of Paragraphs 1 and 2 of this Article.

Article 32: Provision of Loans by Government

The Government may provide monetary loans to JBIC.

Article 33: Borrowings and Corporate Bonds

1. Borrowing of funds (including those prescribed by the Ordinance of the Ministry of Finance as having an economic nature similar to a borrowing; the same shall apply hereinafter in this Article, Paragraph 1 of Article 35 and Item 5 of Article 46) made in order to meet JBIC's fund requirements for the performance of its operations shall be limited to the borrowings of short-term loans (including those prescribed by the Ordinance of the Ministry of Finance as having an economic nature similar to short-term loans; the same shall apply hereinafter in the following Paragraph and Paragraph 6), or long-term loans in foreign currency (meaning a borrowing of an amount in foreign currency with a repayment period of more than one (1) year; the same shall apply hereinafter in this Article and Paragraph 1 of Article 35), from financial institutions, such as banks, or the borrowings related to the monetary loans obtained from the Government pursuant to the provisions of the preceding Article.
2. The short-term loans (excluding those in foreign currency) set forth in the preceding Paragraph shall be repaid during the business year in which these borrowings are made; provided, however, that in cases where repayment cannot be made due to shortage of funds, JBIC may reborrow (including those prescribed by the Ordinance of the Ministry of Finance as having an economic nature similar to an act of reborrowing; the same shall apply hereinafter in the following Paragraph and Paragraph 7) only the amount which cannot be so repaid, with the authorization of the Minister of Finance.
3. Loans reborrowed pursuant to the proviso of the preceding Paragraph shall be repaid within one (1) year.
4. Pursuant to the provisions of a Cabinet Order, JBIC shall, every business year, prepare a basic policy concerning the issuance of corporate bonds and the borrowing of long-term loans in foreign currency made in order to meet fund requirements for the performance of its operations and obtain the authorization of the Minister of Finance. When JBIC intends to make any change to the policy, the same shall apply.
5. When JBIC has issued corporate bonds or borrowed the long-term loans in foreign currency pursuant to the provisions of preceding Paragraph, it shall, without delay, make a notification of such fact to the Minister of Finance pursuant to the provisions prescribed by a Cabinet Order; provided, however, that this shall not apply if JBIC issues the certificates of corporate bonds, as prescribed by a Cabinet Order, in order to deliver to anyone who has lost such certificates of corporate bonds and, as a result of the issuance of such certificates of corporate bonds, JBIC assumes new liabilities.
6. The total amount of (i) the outstanding amounts of the short-term loans, the long-term loans in foreign currency and the borrowings related to the monetary loans obtained from the Government as set forth in Paragraph 1 of this Article that are made in order to meet JBIC's fund requirements for the performance of its Ordinary Operations, and (ii) the outstanding amount of liabilities relating to the principal amount of corporate bonds set forth in Paragraph 4 of this Article that are issued in order to meet JBIC's fund requirements for the performance of its Ordinary Operations shall not exceed the amount (hereinafter referred to as the "Limitation Amount Related to Ordinary Operations" in this Article) equivalent to ten (10) times the total amount of the capital and reserves

belonging to the account related to the Ordinary Operations of JBIC (hereinafter referred to as the “Base Amount Related to Ordinary Operations” in this Article).

7. Notwithstanding the provisions of the preceding Paragraph, when the issuance of new bonds is necessary to reborrow the issued corporate bonds with respect to corporate bonds set forth in Paragraph 4 of this Article that were issued in order to meet JBIC’s fund requirements for the performance of its Ordinary Operations, the corporate bonds may be issued in excess of the Limitation Amount Related to Ordinary Operations only within the period necessary to make such reborrowing.
8. Among the Ordinary Operations, the total amount of the outstanding amounts of (i) monetary loans, (ii) acquisition of the receivables related to assignment and the Corporate/Public Bonds, etc., (iii) liabilities relating to the Guarantee, etc. of Liabilities and (iv) contributions, all of which are made pursuant to the provisions of Items (1) through (6) of Article 11 hereof, shall not exceed the aggregate amount of the Base Amount Related to Ordinary Operations and the Limitation Amount Related to Ordinary Operations.
9. The provisions set forth in the preceding three (3) paragraphs shall apply *mutatis mutandis* to the Special Operations. In this case, the term, “Base Amount Related to Ordinary Operations”, referenced in Paragraphs 6 and the preceding Paragraph, shall be deemed to be replaced with “Base Amount Related to Special Operations”; the term, “Limitation Amount Related to Ordinary Operations”, referenced in the preceding three (3) paragraphs, shall be deemed to be replaced with “Limitation Amount Related to Special Operations”; and the term, “through (6)”, referenced in the preceding Paragraph, shall be deemed to be replaced with “, Item (3), (4) and (6)”.
10. The monetary funds financed through the borrowing of funds or the issuance of the corporate bonds pursuant to the provisions of this Article shall, in accordance with the separate accounting set forth in Article 26-2 hereof, be allocated to the respective accounts relevant to the operations listed in each Item of the same Article.

Article 34: Statutory Lien

1. A holder of JBIC’s corporate bonds shall, with respect to the property of JBIC, have the right to have his/her receivables satisfied in preference to other creditors.
2. The order of the statutory lien set forth in the preceding Paragraph shall be next to the general liens prescribed by the provisions of the Civil Code (Act No. 89 of 1896).

Article 35: Government Guarantee

1. Notwithstanding the provisions of Article 3 of the Act Concerning Restrictions on Financial Assistance by the Government to Corporations (Act No. 24 of 1946), the Government may execute a guarantee agreement with respect to the liabilities related to JBIC’s corporate bonds (excluding the liabilities with respect to which the Government may execute a guarantee agreement under Paragraph 2 of Article 2 of the Act on Special Measures Pertaining to the Acceptance of Foreign Capital from the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, etc. (Act No. 51 of 1953) (referred to as the “Foreign Capital Acceptance Act” in the following Paragraph and Paragraph 1 of Article 16 of the Supplementary Provisions)) or the liabilities related to the long-term loans in foreign currency, within the scope of the amount fixed by the budget.
2. Among the amount fixed by the budget set forth in the preceding Paragraph, the amount of liabilities related to the corporate bonds issued in a foreign country and denominated in Japanese currency may be fixed by adding up to the amount

fixed by the budget as set forth in Paragraph 2 of Article 2 of the Foreign Capital Acceptance Act, when it is difficult to fix the said amount of liabilities separately from the said amount fixed by the budget set forth in the same paragraph of the Foreign Capital Acceptance Act.

3. The Government may, in addition to the provisions of Paragraph 1 of this Article, execute a guarantee agreement with respect to the liabilities related to the certificates of corporate bonds or coupons thereof, which are issued by JBIC, pursuant to the provisions prescribed by a Cabinet Order, in order to deliver to a person who has lost the certificates of corporate bonds or coupons thereof.

Article 36: Investment of Surplus Funds

JBIC shall not invest any surplus funds of its business except by means of:

- (1) Acquisition of national government bonds, local government bonds or government-guaranteed bonds (which mean the bonds for which the redemption of its principal and payment of interest thereon are guaranteed by the Government) and other securities designated by the Minister of Finance;
- (2) Deposit with the Fiscal Loan Fund;
- (3) Deposit with banks or other financial institutions designated by the Minister of Finance;
- (4) Holding of negotiable deposit certificates;
- (5) Money trust to the financial institutions engaging in trust business (which mean the financial institutions that have obtained the authorization set forth in Paragraph 1 of Article 1 of the Act on Provision, etc. of Trust Business by Financial Institutions);
- (6) Lending of call funds; or
- (7) Means prescribed in the Ordinance of the Ministry of Finance as the means equivalent to the means listed in each of the preceding Items.

Article 38: Supervision

1. The Minister of Finance shall supervise JBIC in accordance with the provisions of this Act.
2. With respect to the management or administration of JBIC, in the case where the Minister of Finance finds that there is a violation of laws and regulations or the Articles of Incorporation or any grossly unjust matter exists and in other cases where they find it necessary for the enforcement of this Act, the Minister of Finance may issue JBIC orders concerning its operations as are necessary for the supervision.

Article 39: Report and Inspection

1. If the Minister of Finance finds it necessary for the enforcement of this Act, the Minister of Finance may cause JBIC or the Juridical Person Delegated to submit reports or may cause its officials to enter the facilities of JBIC or of the Juridical Person Delegated, such as the offices to inspect the accounting books, documents and other necessary objects; provided, however, that, with respect to the Juridical Person Delegated, such action shall be limited to the scope of operations delegated to it by JBIC.
2. When an official of the Minister of Finance carries out an on-site inspection pursuant to the provisions of the preceding Paragraph, he/she shall carry with him/her identification certifying his/her status and present it to parties concerned.
3. The authority to carry out the on-site inspection pursuant to the provisions of Paragraph 1 above shall not be construed to be that given for the investigation of a criminal offense.

Article 40: Delegation of Authority

1. The Minister of Finance may, as prescribed by a Cabinet Order, delegate part of the authority to carry out an on-site inspection pursuant to the provisions of Paragraph 1 of the preceding Article to the Prime Minister.
2. If the Prime Minister has carried out an on-site inspection pursuant to the provisions of Paragraph 1 of the preceding Article on the basis of the delegation pursuant to the provisions of the preceding Paragraph, he/she shall promptly submit a report of the results of the inspection to the Minister of Finance.
3. The Prime Minister shall delegate both the authority delegated pursuant to the provisions of Paragraph 1 above and the authority set forth in the provisions of the preceding Paragraph to the Commissioner of Financial Services Agency.
4. The Commissioner of Financial Services Agency may, as prescribed by a Cabinet Order, delegate all or part of the authority delegated pursuant to the provisions of the preceding Paragraph, to Director-General of the Local Finance Bureau or the Director-General of the Local Finance Branch Bureau.
5. Part of the authority of the Minister of Finance set forth in this Act (excluding that delegated to the Prime Minister pursuant to the provisions of Paragraph 1 above) may, as prescribed by a Cabinet Order, be delegated to the Director-General of the Local Finance Bureau or the Director-General of the Local Finance Branch Bureau.

Article 41: Articles of Incorporation

1. In the Articles of Incorporation of JBIC, in addition to the matters listed in each of the Items of Article 27 of the Companies Act, matters relating to the procedures and requirements for the appointment of a person to assume management responsibility from among the Representative Directors or Representative Executive Officers shall be described or recorded.
2. With respect to the matters related to the requirements for the appointment of a person to assume management responsibility set forth in the preceding Paragraph, the provisions that the requirements listed below be satisfied shall be incorporated:
 - (1) A person who has discernment and the capability recognized as necessary in light of the purposes set forth in Article 1 hereof and the operations set forth in Article 11 hereof shall be appointed; and
 - (2) Due consideration shall be required in order to avoid automatically appointing such persons who have held certain specific governmental positions.
3. The resolution for the amendment of the Articles of Incorporation of JBIC shall not take effect unless the authorization of the Minister of Finance is granted.

Article 42: Merger, Company Split, Share Exchange, Share Delivery, Assignment and Acceptance of Assignment of Business and Dissolution

Notwithstanding the provisions of Part II, Chapters VII and VIII and Part V, Chapters II, III, IV, Section I and IV-II of the Companies Act, the merger, company split, share exchange, share delivery, assignment and acceptance of assignment of all or part of business, to which JBIC becomes a party, and dissolution of JBIC shall be provided for separately by an Act.

Article 43: Exclusion from Application, etc. of Financial Instruments and Exchange Act

1. When JBIC performs the actions listed in each of the Items of Paragraph 8 of Article 2 of the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act pursuant to the provisions of Article 11, the provisions of Article 29 of the same Act shall not apply.
2. In the case set forth in the preceding Paragraph (excluding the case set forth in the following Paragraph or Paragraph 5),

JBIC shall be deemed as the Financial Instruments Business Operator defined in Paragraph 9 of Article 2 of the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act, and the provisions of Chapter III, Section I, Subsection V and Section II (excluding Article 35, Article 35-2, Articles 36-2 through 36-4, Item (2) of Paragraph 1 of Article 37, Item (2) of Paragraph 1 of Article 37-3, Article 37-7 and Item (7) of Article 38) of the same Act and the provisions of Chapters VIII and VIII-II of the same Act relating to such provisions shall apply.

3. When JBIC performs the actions listed in each of the Items of Paragraph 1 of Article 63 of the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act pursuant to the provisions of Article 11 hereof, the provisions of Paragraph 2 of the said Article 63 shall not apply.
4. In the case set forth in the preceding Paragraph (excluding the case set forth in the following Paragraph), JBIC shall be deemed as the Financial Instruments Business Operator defined in Paragraph 9 of Article 2 of the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act, and the provisions of Chapter III, Section I, Subsection V, Paragraph 1 of Article 36, Article 37 (excluding Item (2) of Paragraph 1), Article 37-3 (excluding Item (2) of Paragraph 1), Article 37-4, Article 38 (limited to the portions related to Items (1), (2) and (9)), Article 39 (excluding Paragraphs 4 and 6), Article 40, Article 40-3, Article 40-3-2, Article 42, Article 42-2, Article 42-4, Article 42-7 and Article 45 of the same Act and the provisions of Chapters VIII and VIII-II of the same Act related to such provisions shall apply.
5. When JBIC performs the actions listed in each of the Items of Paragraph 1 of Article 63-8 of the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act pursuant to the provisions of Article 11 hereof, the provisions of Paragraph 1 of Article 63-9 of the same Act shall not apply.
6. In the case set forth in the preceding Paragraph, JBIC shall be deemed as the Financial Instruments Business Operator defined in Paragraph 9 of Article 2 of the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act, and the provisions of Chapter III, Section I, Subsection V, Article 35-3, Paragraph 1 of Article 36, Article 37 (excluding Item (2) of Paragraph 1), Article 37-3 (excluding Item (2) of Paragraph 1), Article 37-4, Article 38 (limited to the portions related to Items (1), (2) and (9)), Article 39 (excluding Paragraphs 4 and 6), Article 40, Article 40-3, Article 40-3-2, Article 42, Article 42-2, Article 42-4, Article 42-7 and Article 45 of the same Act and the provisions of Chapters VIII and VIII-II of the same Act related to such provisions shall apply.

This English version of the Act has been prepared purely for information purpose, and should not be considered as an official translation of the Japan Bank for International Cooperation Act or any authorities of Japanese Government.

5. Basic Policy for the Internal Control System

Article 1. Ensuring Compliance with Laws, Regulations, and Articles of Incorporation in Performance of Duties by Directors and Employees

1. The Japan Bank for International Cooperation (“JBIC”) and its subsidiaries (both collectively called “JBIC Group”) shall establish a corporate philosophy, code of conduct, as well as the policy for compliance with laws and regulations and other internal rules for compliance, and notify directors and employees of those principles and rules, for the purpose of ensuring that directors and employees including temporary workers (this definition is applied throughout this document) perform their duties in compliance with laws, regulations, and the articles of incorporation (“Laws and Regulations”).
2. Directors and employees of the JBIC Group shall abide by the internal rules for compliance.
3. JBIC shall set up a department responsible for compliance and appoint a compliance officer in order to establish and reinforce a framework for compliance with Laws and Regulations within the JBIC Group.
4. JBIC shall establish a committee to deliberate important matters related to compliance within the JBIC Group and monitor the status of compliance with Laws and Regulations.
5. JBIC shall establish an effective internal anonymous reporting system and implement it in an appropriate manner so that important facts related to compliance within the JBIC Group can be detected earlier and necessary corrective measures can be taken.
6. The JBIC Group shall not have any connections whatsoever with antisocial forces. It shall adopt an uncompromising attitude, throughout its organization, toward antisocial forces, and decisively reject all improper demands from such forces.

Article 2. Retention and Management of Information concerning Performance of Duties by Directors

1. JBIC shall establish the information asset management regulations and other internal rules for retention and management of information in order that information concerning the performance of duties by directors, customer information and other information handled by JBIC can be appropriately retained and managed.
2. JBIC shall retain and manage the minutes of Board of Directors meetings and other documents relating to the performance of duties by directors, in accordance with laws, regulations, or internal rules for retention and management of information.
3. Directors and employees shall retain and manage information in an appropriate manner according to the internal rules for retention and management of information.

Article 3. Rules and Structures for Managing Risk of Loss

1. In recognition of the importance of risk management practices throughout its entire organization, JBIC and its subsidiaries shall individually control various risks in an appropriate manner by establishing the integrated risk management regulations and other internal rules for risk management, which stipulate the management of various risks that should be recognized in the course of business operations at the JBIC Group as well as the organizational structure that is needed for integrated risk management.
2. JBIC shall set up a department responsible for risk management and appoint a risk management officer. In addition, JBIC shall establish a committee to conduct deliberations and considerations on implementing effective risk management practices.
3. JBIC and its subsidiaries shall strive to create a crisis management structure in preparation for disasters and other crisis situations, by individually establishing the crisis

management regulations and other internal rules for crisis management.

4. In the case where normal business operations of the JBIC Group are disrupted or might be affected by crisis situations, JBIC shall set up an emergency response office as necessary, in accordance with the internal rules for crisis management, to restore operations in a prompt and efficient manner.

Article 4. Ensuring Efficient Execution of Directors' Duties

1. The Board of Directors shall establish business plans and properly manage business of the JBIC Group.
2. JBIC shall establish the Executive Committee to which authority is delegated by the Board of Directors for approval of certain matters. In addition to making decisions on those specific matters by exercising the delegated authority, the Executive Committee shall deliberate matters requiring approval of the Board of Directors prior to Board of Directors meetings, in order to aid decision-making among the Board of Directors. Moreover, JBIC shall establish an advisory body to the Executive Committee or other various committees to which authority is delegated by the Executive Committee for approval of certain matters.
3. JBIC shall establish the internal rules for organizational structure stipulating the roles and responsibilities of the Board of Directors, for the purpose of efficiently executing matters approved by a Board of Directors meeting.
4. To expedite the decision-making process, JBIC shall introduce a function-based organization and an executive officer system in which authority is delegated by management for approval of specific matters in accordance with the organization rules, authority rules and other related internal rules.

Article 4 (2): Structures for Ensuring Proper Operations of JBIC Group's Business

1. JBIC shall take appropriate measures for business management and operations in its subsidiaries, to ensure proper operations of JBIC Group's business.
2. JBIC shall establish a structure where its subsidiaries report to JBIC, in a proper manner, the important matters that their Board of Directors execute.

Article 5. Internal Audit for Ensuring Proper Operations of JBIC's Business

1. JBIC shall establish the internal audit regulations and other internal rules for internal audit to ensure the appropriateness and soundness of its operations.
2. JBIC shall set up the Internal Audit Committee to make decisions or deliberations on important matters related to internal audit for the JBIC Group.
3. JBIC shall set up the Internal Audit Department, separated from the departments subject to audit, to supervise the operations of internal audit.
4. The Internal Audit Department shall conduct an internal audit for JBIC and its subsidiaries as necessary, and report to the director responsible for internal audit on the results, pursuant to the internal rules for internal audit.
5. The Internal Audit Department shall periodically and as necessary, as well as upon request of a director or a corporate auditor of JBIC (“Corporate Auditor”), report the results of internal audits to the Board of Directors, other bodies or committees.
6. The Internal Audit Department shall strive to perform an internal audit in an efficient manner by collaborating and exchanging necessary information with Corporate Auditors and accounting auditors.

Article 6. Assignment of Employees who Assist Corporate Auditors in Performing Their Duties

1. JBIC shall set up the Office of Corporate Auditor and assign employees to assist Corporate Auditors in performing their duties.
2. Those employees shall perform their duties in accordance with the instructions from the Corporate Auditors.
3. When deemed necessary, the Corporate Auditors may assign employees other than those stipulated in the above paragraph 1, on a temporary basis, to assist in conducting audit work, by obtaining prior approval from the Governor.

Article 7. Securing Effectiveness of Instructions to Employees Assisting Audit Work and Independence of Instructions from the Director of Organization where They Concurrently Work

1. JBIC shall obtain prior approval of the full-time Corporate Auditor on the personnel evaluation and transfer of, and other personnel matters relating to employees who assist Corporate Auditors in auditing (“the auditor’s office staff”), before making decisions on those matters.
2. JBIC shall make the auditor’s office staff engaged in audit work only as per the instructions given by corporate auditors, to secure the effectiveness of their instructions to the auditor’s office staff. However, in the case where the auditor’s office staff need to concurrently works in another department/office, JBIC shall obtain prior approval of the full-time Corporate Auditor on their duties in another position, by clearly stating the following points in writing:
 - (1) There is a rational reason why the auditor’s office staff need to concurrently serve in another organization.
 - (2) In assisting with the duties of the Corporate Auditors, the auditor’s office staff shall follow the instructions from the Corporate Auditors and not the instructions from a director in an organization where the auditor’s office staff serve concurrently.
 - (3) The scope of duties of and instructions to the auditor’s office staff in the position other than the Office of Corporate Auditor shall be expressly limited.
 - (4) The auditor’s office staff shall not share, with others in another department/office where he/she concurrently serves, the information obtained from performing their duties at the Office of Corporate Auditor.
 - (5) The auditor’s office staff shall always give priority to the duties of assisting the Corporate Auditors ahead of the duties in another organization where the staff serve concurrently, to ensure the effectiveness of audits by the Corporate Auditors.
 - (6) When deemed necessary, the full-time Corporate Auditor may withdraw his/her approval of the auditor’s office staff’s duties in another position while working at the Office of Corporate Auditor.

Article 8. Internal Reporting by Directors and Employees to Corporate Auditors and Preventing Unfair Treatment of Individuals who Reported to Corporate Auditors

1. Directors and employees of the JBIC Group, as well as corporate auditors of JBIC’s subsidiaries shall, directly or indirectly, report the status of performance of their duties to the Corporate Auditors when required, in an accurate manner.
2. In the event that any fact that has the potential to inflict substantial harm upon the JBIC Group, or material facts of wrongdoing or violations of Laws and Regulations are detected, both directors and employees of the JBIC Group, as well as corporate auditors of JBIC’s subsidiaries shall, directly or indirectly, report the fact to the Corporate Auditors without any delay.
3. JBIC Group shall ensure that an individual who reports unlawful, improper conduct or activity pursuant to the preceding paragraph shall be protected from being treated unfairly as a result of reporting such information.

Article 9. Securing Effectiveness in Auditing by Corporate Auditors

1. The Corporate Auditors shall be allowed to request directors and employees of the JBIC Group, as well as the corporate auditors of JBIC’s subsidiaries, to report the status of performance of their duties, whenever they determine such reports are necessary to conduct audits in an effective manner. A director or employee of the JBIC Group as well as the corporate auditors of JBIC’s subsidiaries who receive such a request shall promptly submit a report to the Corporate Auditors.
2. The Corporate Auditors may express their opinions as necessary at the Board of Directors meetings, Executive Committee meetings and other important committee meetings. The Corporate Auditors shall also be allowed to review the minutes of those committee meetings and other related documents.
3. The Governor shall hold periodic meetings with the Corporate Auditors to exchange opinions.
4. The Corporate Auditors may request the cooperation of the Internal Audit Department and departments responsible for compliance matters.
5. The Corporate Auditors may seek advice on audits from lawyers and certified public accountants when they consider it necessary for conducting audits in an effective manner.

Article 10. Procedures for Advance Payment and Payment of Fees, and Treatment of Other Fees and Liabilities Incurred by Corporate Auditors in Executing Their Duties

In the case where Corporate Auditors seek advice from lawyers and/or certified public accountants regarding audits pursuant to the provision of the preceding article, JBIC shall pay fees, expenses and liabilities arising from the execution of their duties based on the advice received from those specialists.

6. Security Policy

Japan Bank for International Cooperation (hereinafter “JBIC”) adopts the following fundamental policy concerning the use and management of information assets and will properly handle, manage, protect, and maintain information assets to achieve information security that meets the highest standards so as to support its proper and efficient operations.

(1) Basic Principles

JBIC shall use and manage information assets in line with the basic principles set forth hereunder while complying with all applicable laws, regulations, and rules.

- A. Information assets shall be used appropriately and only for their intended purposes.
- B. Authority concerning the management of information assets shall be granted only after careful consideration of the nature of the work and necessity.
- C. When adopting and implementing information security measures, the following matters shall be taken into consideration, based on the nature of the work:
 - (a) Clarification of responsibilities and roles within implementation structures
 - (b) Timely and prompt implementation of necessary, sufficient, effective, and efficient measures

(2) Proper Management of Information Assets

Information assets refer to information and information systems. JBIC classifies them according to such factors as their degree of confidentiality, completeness, usability, and importance, and manages them appropriately in accordance with their classification.

(3) Information Asset Management Structures

JBIC shall establish a structure for ensuring the security of information assets.

(4) Protection of Personal Information

JBIC shall protect and manage personal information by establishing and making public our Privacy Policy and pursuant to the provisions of the Act on the Protection of Personal Information.

(5) Protection of Client Information

JBIC shall establish the basic policy for protecting its clients and increasing their convenience for the purpose of appropriate protection and management of information pertaining to them in accordance with this basic policy.

(6) Training on Information Asset Management

JBIC shall provide necessary training to all officers and employees who handle information assets to ensure that they understand requirements in the applicable laws and regulations, as well as in this policy and other applicable rules, and prevent the occurrence of information security problems.

(7) Outsourcing Work

In the event that JBIC engages persons other than its officers and employees to manage its information assets by outsourcing such work, it shall verify that information security is ensured and that appropriate measures have been taken in accordance with the content of the information assets.

(8) Responses to Incidents Concerning Information Assets

In the event of improper disclosure of personal or client information or other incidents causing a problem on information security, JBIC shall promptly take appropriate measures.

(9) Evaluation and Review

JBIC shall evaluate and review this policy, as necessary, to make flexible responses to changes in the external environment, such as the enactment, amendment, or repeal of applicable laws and regulations, as well as innovations in information security technology, and to changes in the internal environment, including organizational and operational changes and updates to JBIC’s information systems.

7. Outline of Conflict of Interest Management Policy

The Japan Bank for International Cooperation (“JBIC”) and its subsidiary financial institutions, etc. (collectively, the “JBIC Group”), in accordance with the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act, have established the Conflict of Interest Management Policy (the “Policy”) and will appropriately manage the transactions that may cause conflicts of interest in order to prevent the interests of our clients from being unjustly impaired. The summary of the Policy is hereby published as provided below.

1. Identification of Transactions That May Cause Conflicts of Interest

(1) Subject Transactions

“Transactions that may cause conflicts of interest”, which are subject to the Policy, mean such transactions conducted by the JBIC Group that may unjustly impair the interests of its clients (“Subject Transactions”) in the following situations: i) when the JBIC Group’s interests conflict or compete with the interests of its clients or ii) when the interests of multiple clients of the JBIC Group conflict or compete with each other.

(2) Scope of the Subject Clients

“Clients” who are subject to this Policy mean any client who is utilizing, had previously been utilizing, or may enter into business relations in relation to, the services provided by the JBIC Group in its “Financial Instruments Related Business”.

The “Financial Instruments Related Business” refers to the business specified in Article 70-3 of the Cabinet Office Order on Financial Instruments Business, etc.

2. Companies Requiring Conflict of Interest Management

As stated in 1 (1) above, the Subject Transactions are transactions conducted by the JBIC Group (i.e. JBIC and its subsidiary financial institutions, etc.). JBIC’s “subsidiary financial institutions, etc.” mean a subsidiary or affiliated company of JBIC which meets the definition of the term “Subsidiary Financial Institution, etc.” specified in Article 36, Paragraph 5 of the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act.

As of September 30, 2022, the companies listed below are the subsidiary financial institutions, etc. of JBIC.

- IFC Capitalization (Equity) Fund, L.P.
- National Industrial Corridor Development Corporation Limited
- JBIC IG Partners
- RJIF GP2 Limited
- Russian-Japan Investment Fund, L.P.
- JB Nordic General Partner S.à.r.l.
- JB Nordic Ventures Oy
- JB Nordic Fund I SCSp

3. Method of Managing Transactions That May Cause Conflicts of Interest

If the JBIC Group identifies any situations where conflicts of interest may arise in connection with transactions with its clients, the JBIC Group will take measures in accordance with the relevant situation, including, for example, the following methods:

- The method of separating the department conducting the Subject Transaction, from the department conducting the transaction with such client;
- The method of amending the conditions or method of the Subject Transaction or the transaction with such client;
- The method of discontinuing the Subject Transaction or the transaction with such client;
- The method of properly disclosing to such client the possibility that the interests of the client may be unjustly impaired in connection with the Subject Transaction; and/or
- Any other methods to properly manage the Subject Transaction.

4. Conflict of Interest Management System

The JBIC Group will centrally manage the group’s overall conflict of interest by establishing a department which will manage and control conflicts of interest. The JBIC Group will continue to establish and maintain proper internal systems and comply with laws and regulations and other rules concerning the management of conflicts of interest.

8. Privacy Policy / Privacy Notice

Japan Bank for International Cooperation (hereinafter “JBIC”) positions the trust of our clients as our first priority, deeply recognizes the importance of our clients’ personal information, and believes that it is our duty to our clients to properly manage and protect their personal information.

With a view to protecting our clients’ personal information, JBIC will conduct our operations in a manner whereby we observe the Act on the Protection of Personal Information (hereinafter “Act”) and so forth.

(1) Acquisition of Personal Information

JBIC will acquire our clients’ personal information through proper and lawful means. When we acquire personal information from our clients directly in writing, we will specify in advance the purposes for its use that are within the necessary scope of JBIC’s operations.

(2) Use of Personal Information

JBIC will specify the purposes for use in obtaining the necessary personal information of our clients as listed below, and will use it within the scope that is necessary to achieve such purposes. JBIC will not use personal information in a manner that is likely to promote or induce illegal or unjust acts:

- A. Loan, equity participation, and guarantee operations, and their related due diligence exercise and research (or their supplementary work)
- B. Execution of agreements with JBIC, and exercise of rights and performance of obligations under laws, etc.
- C. Confirmation of personal identity as per such laws as Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Act (Act No. 228, 1949)
- D. Invitation to events (such as seminars) organized by JBIC
- E. Delivery of various JBIC-related materials
- F. Issuance and collection of surveys and questionnaires, and statistical processing and analysis of such outcomes
- G. Operations necessary for responding to questions and inquiries, and for dealing with transactions including queries from JBIC, in a proper and smooth manner

(3) Provision of Personal Information to Third Parties

JBIC will not provide the personal information acquired from its clients to third parties except in the following cases. In the case where JBIC provides personal information to a third party in a foreign country, JBIC will, when obtaining consent from the client, provide the client with, in advance, the information specified in the Act:

- A. It is required by law.
- B. It is provided within the scope of the purposes for use as prescribed above.
- C. Consent is obtained from the clients.
- D. There are convincing reasons why executive agencies, independent administrative agencies, local municipal entities or local independent administrative agencies would use it to the necessary extent to carry out the law-stipulated operations.
- E. It is used for statistics compilation or academic research.
- F. It is clearly beneficial to the clients or there exist special reasons to provide personal information.

(4) Subcontract

JBIC may subcontract the handling of our clients’ personal information to conduct such operations more smoothly. In such cases, JBIC will attempt to select a trustworthy subcontractor, enter into a confidentiality agreement, adequately supervise the handling and administering of the personal information, and assure the protection of personal information.

(5) Personal Information Management (PIM)

- A. JBIC will attempt to keep our clients’ personal information correct and updated, and take prevention and safety measures against unauthorized access, leakage, loss, damage, and alteration of personal information.
- B. JBIC will constantly educate its employees about the protection and proper management of our clients’ personal information to thoroughly make sure of its proper handling in its daily operations.
- C. JBIC will audit and inspect whether the protection and management of personal information is undertaken properly.

(6) Disclosure, Correction, and Disuse

If a client wishes to make a request to disclose, correct or disuse the clients’ personal information held by JBIC, we will deal with such a request by following the procedure of disclosure etc. stipulated in the Act. Meanwhile, there are some cases when such disclosure etc. could be made out of the procedure of disclosure etc. stipulated in the Act, for which please contact our Head Office or Osaka Branch.

(7) Inquiries about Personal Information Management (PIM)

For inquiries or complaints about the clients’ personal information management (PIM) at JBIC, please contact our Head Office or Osaka Branch.

(8) Continuous Improvement

JBIC will continuously improve the clients’ personal information management (PIM) as necessary.

JBIC separately stipulates its basic policy on the safe management of Individual Numbers and Personal Information that includes Individual Numbers (hereinafter “Specific Personal Information”; Individual Number and Specific Personal Information shall hereinafter be collectively referred to as “Specific Personal Information, etc.”). “Personal information” as used in this Privacy Policy shall not include Specific Personal Information, and it is not contemplated that JBIC will obtain our clients’ Specific Personal Information, etc.

As a part of JBIC’s implementation of data protection laws in each country, JBIC provides our customers, vendors and suppliers with a privacy notice. Please refer to the link below for more details.

<https://www.jbic.go.jp/en/privacy-notice.html>